

TWEEDY, BROWNE FUND INC.

This booklet consists of two separate documents:

INVESTMENT ADVISER'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund
Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged
Tweedy, Browne Value Fund
Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund

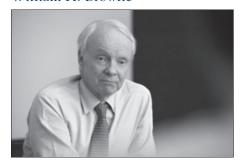
TWEEDY, BROWNE FUND INC.

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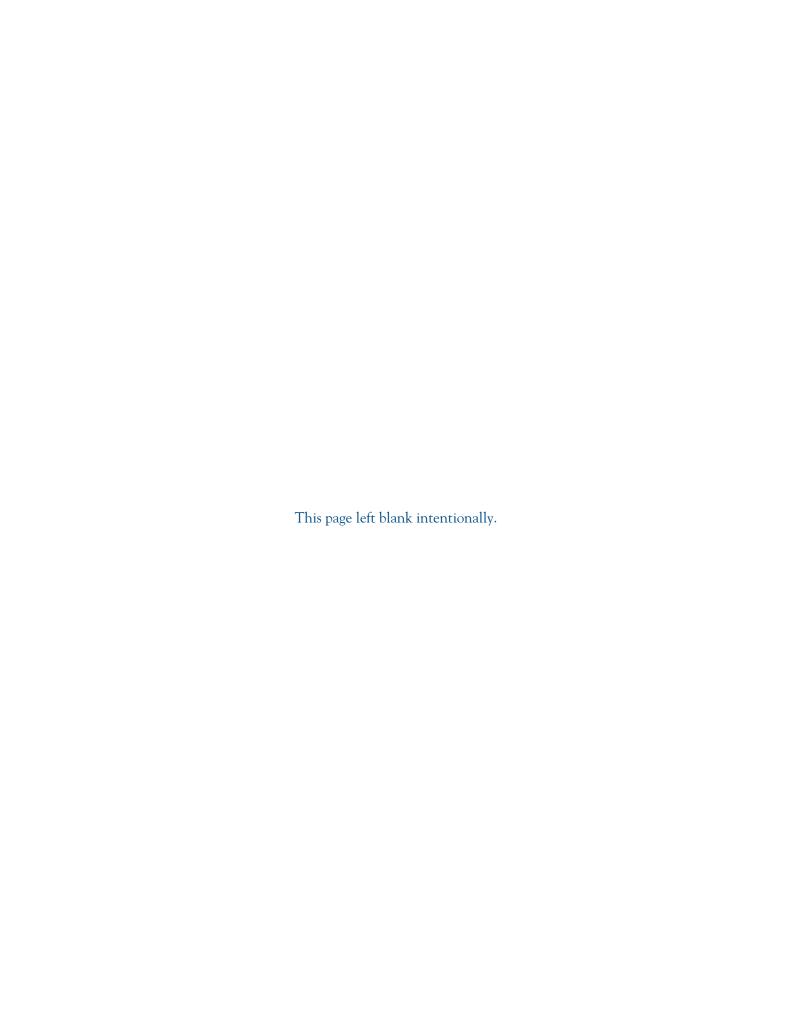
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Investment Adviser's Letter to Shareholders (Unaudited)

"Everything is in a state of flux, including the status quo."

Robert Byrne

In our shareholder letter of one year ago, we used the same quote. We are using it again not because we're lazy or incapable of coming up with something new to say, but rather because it underlines some of our thoughts about equity markets, the challenges which seem to be part of the DNA of markets, and for what it is worth, our perspective on how to think about the business of investing. A year ago, much of the conventional market wisdom was that Japan was "working out," and Europe was probably a better bet than the U.S., and for sure a better bet than the emerging markets. There was an undercurrent of concern about the level of economic growth around the world, but it did not stand in the way of a further rise in equity prices. The double-barreled worry of secular stagnation and deflation was certainly not on the front pages of the business sections. In fact, you would have to go back to 2011 for a meaningful interruption in the rise of equity prices over the past five years. For those who simply enjoy the ride on a rising equity market, the past couple of years have been a pleasant experience. For those who think about individual business valuations as an important underpinning of equities, rising stock prices bring with them valuation considerations which we have talked about in previous letters.

Then, in the latter part of September, something happened that has certainly rattled the relative calm in equity markets. We say "something" for several reasons. First, speaking for ourselves, while we have a view, it is obviously subjective. Therefore, we don't really know. Moreover, copious amounts of ink have been used to explain the renewed volatility in markets without any real consensus emerging. The debate over the relative importance of changed facts versus changed sentiment defies an answer but hasn't squelched the debate. Perhaps they're joined at the hip. We have found interesting the perspective of some strategists who have attributed the recent volatility to various human qualities of the market, suggesting the market is "purging its excesses" or going through a "healthy and cathartic pause." Others have simply said they are waiting for the market to "capitulate" but haven't seen it yet. For our part, we don't find the discussion of much use in answering the question: "What do we do now?"

Leaving aside the litany of new factors, such as the recent outbreak of Ebola (remember SARS and Bird Flu), renewed but certainly not new chaos in the Middle East, and the conflict in Ukraine, some of the broader economics questions have been with us for some time. What is new is the renewed attention being paid to them. Moreover, it seems there has always been some unsettling new problem waiting around the corner and our suspicion is that will continue to be the case for at least as long as we're in the business, and we hope to be in it for quite some time still.

When you are in the middle of the investment ring waiting for the first punch to be thrown, the tension can be

enormous and it can be hard to hear yourself think over the roar of the crowd. As Mike Tyson said when talking about how he approached a fight, "Everyone has a plan 'til you get punched in the mouth." Making matters worse, there is an accumulating body of knowledge in the fields of behavioral economics and behavioral finance indicating that we are not well wired to be rational and objective when it comes to decisions in economics and investing. In our estimation, these factors elevate the chances of getting caught up in what we term the "buy high, sell low syndrome." Fear is a powerful motivator, and managing it is a stress-inducing challenge, even for the "pros." Contributing to this daunting challenge is the enormous emphasis on short-term results. Without commenting on any other dimension of the hedge fund world, we find the enormous emphasis in the media on the hedge fund world's October results odd, if not bizarre. What does any one month's return mean? What is the predictive value of one month's results? At Tweedy, Browne, most of our energy is concentrated around a three- to five-year time horizon, asking ourselves where a company is likely to be over that time frame. We know all of our clients don't think that way, and some operate with shorter time horizons, but we believe we have a better opportunity of earning higher rates of return by "arbitraging" a longer time horizon even though it may mean forgoing some short-term returns. We believe it is a more sensible way to manage your money and our money, and improves our odds in doing so. As we write this letter on October 20, if you were a fruit fly which has an expected adult life of two weeks, you just went through a financial "hell" for your entire adult life in the past several weeks. Fortunately, we are all blessed with the ability to take a longer perspective. What is needed is a plan or, better said, some tools to help us keep that perspective.

We don't know the particular facts and considerations for each and every one of our shareholders, so there is no "one size fits all" recommendation we could offer. However, we do believe there are some tools that can be helpful in making broad investment decisions and trying to look beyond the headlines to the trendlines.

- 1. Extend the time horizon of your thinking investing is a marathon, not a sprint.
- 2. Don't put money in the financial markets that you are going to need to meet a financial obligation in the next 12-18 months. Returns over a short period of time, in our judgment, carry with them a high degree of randomness.
- 3. Be clear on your goals and reasons for investing.
- 4. If you have retained someone to make investment decisions for you, make the effort to understand their investment process. "It shouldn't be that hard."
- 5. Remember that behind every stock price there is a business. At Tweedy, Browne, we own fractional interests in businesses and our focus is on the

- valuation of the business and how the business is doing. If the business does well and we are able to buy it right, the investment on average will do well.
- 6. Don't rely on an investment process dependent on "intuition." The process should have a timeless and universal logic to it.

We are taking the liberty of quoting from the recent Berkshire Hathaway annual report, with full credit to Warren Buffett and Charlie Munger, because it encapsulates and illustrates the bulk of the investment common sense needed for good financial health, and probably says far more clearly and concisely what we have just spent several pages trying to

During the extraordinary financial panic that occurred late in 2008, I never gave a thought to selling my farm or New York real estate, even though a severe recession was clearly brewing. And, if I had owned 100% of a solid business with good long-term prospects, it would have been foolish for me to even consider dumping it. So why would I have sold my stocks that were small participations in wonderful businesses? True, any one of them might eventually disappoint, but as a group they were certain to do well. Could anyone really believe the earth was going to swallow up the incredible productive assets and unlimited human ingenuity existing in America?

When Charlie Munger and I buy stocks – which we think of as small portions of businesses – our analysis is very similar to that which we use in buying entire businesses. We first have to decide whether we can sensibly estimate an earnings range for five years out, or more. If the answer is yes, we will buy the stock (or business) if it sells at a reasonable price in relation to the bottom boundary of our estimate. If, however, we lack the ability to estimate future earnings – which is usually the case – we simply move on to other prospects. In the 54 years we have worked together, we have never foregone an attractive purchase because of the macro or political environment, or the views of other people. In fact, these subjects never come up when we make decisions.

Performance Results

Presented below are the investment results of the four Tweedy, Browne Funds through September 30, 2014, with comparisons to the indices we consider relevant.*

	Twee	edy, Browne Globa			
Period Ended 9/30/14	Return before Taxes*	Return after Taxes on Distributions**	Return after Taxes on Distributions & Sale of Fund Shares**	MSCI EAFE Index ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (Hedged to US\$) [†]	MSCI EAFE Index ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (in US\$)†
6 Months	2.08%	2.08%	1.18%	4.24%	-2.03%
1 Year	8.41	7.43	5.72	10.50	4.25
3 Years	15.72	14.69	12.79	17.33	13.65
5 Years	11.54	10.98	9.60	8.15	6.56
10 Years	8.11	7.46	6.94	6.57	6.32
15 Years	7.46	6.62	6.21	3.41	3.87
20 Years	9.71	8.61	8.10	5.85	5.16
Since Inception (6/15/93) ⁽³⁾	10.16	9.12	8.59	5.88	5.53

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II -Currency Unhedged Return after MSCI Return Taxes on **MSCI EAFE** Distributions & **EAFE** Index(1)(2) Return after Period Ended before Taxes on Sale of Fund $Index^{(1)(2)}$ (Hedged 9/30/14 Taxes* Distributions** Shares** (in US\$)† to US\$)1 6 Months -0.61% -1.07% -1.07% -2.03% 4.24% 4.85 3.06 1 Year 4.70 4.25 10.50 3 Years 13.70 13.54 10.90 13.65 17.33 Since Inception (10/26/09)(3) 9.14 7.42 8.21 Gross Annual Fund Operating Expense Ratio as of 3/31/14 was 1.39%††‡ Net Annual Fund Operating Expense Ratio as of 3/31/14 was 1.39%††‡

	Tw	eedy, Browne V				
Period Ended 9/30/14	Return before Taxes*	Return after Taxes on Distributions**	Return after Taxes on Distributions & Sale of Fund Shares**	MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$)		S&P 500 (1)(5)†
6 Months	3.71%	3.71%	2.10%	5.22%	5.22%	6.42%
1 Year	12.45	10.73	8.31	15.21	15.21	19.73
3 Years	17.83	16.76	14.14	19.55	19.55	22.99
5 Years	12.02	11.17	9.68	11.53	11.53	15.70
10 Years	6.92	5.82	5.64	7.14	6.07	8.11
15 Years	5.90	4.90	4.74	3.94	3.55	4.87
20 Years	9.30	8.35	7.87	7.39	8.55	9.59
Since Inception (12/8/93) ⁽³⁾	9.05	8.14	7.68	7.31	8.28	9.27
Total Annual Fun	d Operatin	g Expense Ratio	as of 3/31/14 v	as 1.38%	††	

[¶] S&P 500 (12/8/93-12/31/06)/MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$) (1/1/07-present).

	Twe High D					
Period Ended 9/30/14	Return before Taxes*	Return after Taxes on Distributions**	Return after Taxes on Distributions & Sale of Fund Shares**	MSCI World Index ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ (in US\$) [†]		
6 Months	0.01%	-0.43%	0.02%	2.59%		
1 Year	7.12	6.53	4.32	12.20		
3 Years	12.88	12.48	10.11	17.93		
5 Years	10.37	10.03	8.32	10.86		
Since Inception (9/5/07) ⁽³⁾	4.65	4.20	3.61	3.46		
Gross Annual Fur	nd Operating Ex	pense Ratio as of 3	/31/14 was 1.37%†	†		
Net Annual Fund Operating Expense Ratio as of 3/31/14 was 1.37%††						

^{*} The preceding performance data represents past performance and is not a guarantee of future results. Total return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data shown. Please visit www.tweedy.com to obtain performance data that is current to the most recent month end. See page I-6 for footnotes 1 through 6, which describe the indices and inception dates of the Funds. Results are annualized for all periods greater than one year.

** After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Returns after taxes on distributions are adjusted for federal income taxes associated with Fund distributions, but do not reflect the federal income tax impact of gains or losses recognized when Fund shares are sold. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares are adjusted for federal income taxes associated with Fund distributions and reflect the federal income tax impact of gains or losses recognized when Fund shares are sold. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

† Investors cannot invest directly in an index, unlike an index fund. Index returns are not adjusted to reflect the deduction of taxes that an investor would pay on distributions or the sale of securities comprising the index.

†† The Funds do not impose any front-end or deferred sales charges. However, the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund, Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged and Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund impose a 2% redemption fee on redemption proceeds for redemptions or exchanges made within 60 days of purchase. Performance data does not reflect the deduction of the redemption fee and, if reflected, the redemption fee would reduce the performance data quoted for periods of 60 days or less. The expense ratios shown above reflect the inclusion of acquired fund fees and expenses (i.e., the fees and expenses attributable to investing cash balances in money market funds) and may differ from those shown in the Funds' financial statements.

‡ Tweedy, Browne Company LLC (the "Adviser") has contractually agreed to waive its investment advisory fee and/or to reimburse expenses of the Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged to the extent necessary to maintain the total annual Fund operating expenses (excluding fees and expenses from investments in other investment companies, brokerage costs, interest, taxes and extraordinary expenses) at no more than 1.37%. This arrangement will continue through December 31, 2014. In this arrangement, the Global Value Fund II -Currency Unhedged has agreed, during the two-year period following any waiver or reimbursement by the Adviser, to repay such amount to the extent that after giving effect to such repayment the Fund's adjusted total annual Fund operating expenses would not exceed 1.37% on an annualized basis. The performance data shown above would be lower had fees and expenses not been waived and/or reimbursed.

§ The Value Fund's and the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund's performance data shown above would have been lower had certain fees and expenses not been waived from December 8, 1993 through March 31, 1999 (for the Value Fund) and from September 5, 2007 through December 31, 2013 (for the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund).

As you can see from the performance summary, our Tweedy, Browne Funds produced returns for the last six months ending September 30 of between 3.71% and -1.07%; for the

one-year period, the returns ranged from 12.45% to 4.85%. With the dollar gaining significant ground against most major foreign currencies over the last four months through September 30, 2014 (5% to 10%), it is not surprising that our currency hedged funds, the Global Value Fund and the Value Fund, performed better than their unhedged counterparts. Longer term returns for all four of our Funds remain very favorable. Since their inceptions, all four of our Funds have bested their respective benchmarks net of fees, expenses, and estimated taxes on Fund distributions and capital gains related to the sale of Fund shares, and this is without tax adjusting down the benchmark index returns.

We would caution our investors as we have on many occasions to try to avoid becoming consumed by near term index comparisons. This would appear to be somewhat self serving since over the last year or so, we have begun to underperform our benchmarks weighed down in part by increasing levels of cash reserves. While we believe index comparisons to be useful over the long term, the historical results of our benchmark indices in large measure represent the investment results of securities we do not own. It goes without saying that any portfolio that does not own exactly the same stocks in exactly the same proportions as that of the index to which it is being compared is not likely to have the same results as the index, i.e., different stocks equal different results. Furthermore, we believe that near term comparisons with indices are not necessarily predictive of what the future will hold.

In the notes following the performance charts contained herein for each of our Funds, we have always gone to great pains to point out the inherent inconsistency of equity returns, particularly in comparison to benchmark indices over shorter term measurement periods. We beg your indulgence while we once again address this. In a 1986 study entitled Are Short-Term Performance and Value Investing Mutually Exclusive?, Eugene Shahan, a Columbia University Business School alumnus and then portfolio manager at U.S. Trust, analyzed the performance of seven money managers, about whom Warren Buffett had written in his well known article, The Superinvestors of Graham-and-Doddsville. Over long measurement periods ranging between 13 and 28 years, all of these value managers significantly outperformed the market as measured by the Dow Jones Industrial Average and the S&P 500; however, all, with the exception of Warren Buffett, went through periods of underperformance relative to these benchmarks, sometimes consecutive years of underperformance, ranging from one to six years. In today's environment, many of these managers would face losing clients for such results, but in each instance their firing would have been the wrong decision. In each of the records, unfavorable relative results over a given period did not predict the future favorable results that occurred, and favorable near term relative results were not always followed by future favorable comparative results. As Shahan concluded:

Unfortunately, there is no way to distinguish between a poor three-year stretch for a manager who will do well over 15 years, from a poor three-year stretch for a manager who will continue to do poorly. Nor is there any reason to believe that a manager who does well from the outset cannot continue to do well, and consistently.

In all investment records there is an element of both luck and skill. Since a multitude of variables move stock prices around particularly in the short run, it is virtually impossible to divine skill from luck without a large sample size, i.e., a very long record. As Michael Mauboussin, the noted investment strategist and behavioralist, pointed out in his book entitled *The Success Equation*:

In a game of poker, a lucky amateur may beat a pro in a few hands but the pros edge would become clear as they played more hands...only a small percentage of investors possess enough skill to offset fees. As a result, investing, especially over relatively short periods of time, is more a matter of luck than of skill.

Finally, if one measure of skill is, as we believe, whether the manager delivered returns that were greater than the risks assumed to produce those returns, then it would be paramount to examine the risks of the manager's portfolio as compared to the risks inherent in the index. If you believe as we do that risk cannot be adequately explained by a single number such as standard deviation of return, but is rather the potential for the respective portfolios to face future capital impairment, it becomes important to compare the fundamental character of the manager's portfolio to that of the benchmark. We do not spend much, if any, time studying the variability of our Fund returns as measured by statistical calculations such as standard deviation. But we can wax very intelligently about the fundamental risks our shareholders face in our Funds. In this regard, we believe our portfolios are hands down intrinsically less risky than the benchmark portfolios to which they are constantly being compared. Examined in that light, it would not only be possible but probably quite common for a good manager to deliver nominal returns which were less than those produced by the index but much better when evaluated against the risks assumed by the respective portfolios. In our industry, we all too often simply compare return streams to measures of respective return variance. We do it because it is easy, not necessarily because it is an adequate measure of skill. As we have mentioned before, Charlie Munger once said:

...that is you've got a complex system and it spews out a lot of wonderful numbers that enable you to measure some factors. But there are other factors that are terribly important. There's no precise numbering where you can put these factors. You know they're important, you don't have the numbers. Well practically everybody just overweights the stuff that can be numbered, because it yields to the statistical techniques they're taught in places like this, and doesn't mix in the hard-to-measure stuff that may be more important. That is a mistake I've tried all my life to avoid, and I have no regrets for having done that.

We would encourage all of you to do as Charlie has done over the years, to fight the tendency to find meaning and/or skill in "magic numbers," particularly in the short run.

Our Fund Portfolios

Please note that individual companies discussed herein represent holdings in our Funds, but are not necessarily held in all four of our Funds. Refer to footnote 7 at the end of the letter for the individual weightings of these companies in the respective Funds.

As we mentioned in the beginning of our letter, volatility returned to global equity markets towards the end of September. What had been modest concerns about the will of the European monetary authorities to do what was necessary to stimulate their economies turned into real unease as evidence increased that economies outside of the United States were indeed slowing. Just after quarter end, this unease became reflected in equity markets both abroad and in the United States, as rapidly declining oil prices and a rising U.S. dollar drove both U.S. and international market indices off their previous highs.

Largely due to declines in energy related shares, an underweighting in U.S.-based companies, and a strengthening U.S. dollar, much of the gain that our Funds had achieved since the beginning of the year was given back in the weeks just after the end of the third quarter. That said, our currency hedged Funds, Global Value Fund and Value Fund, were protected against most of the dilution to return caused by declining foreign currencies. The U.S. dollar was up between 5% and 10% against most major currencies since early June through September 30, 2014, negatively impacting currency translated returns, particularly in our two unhedged Funds. With the exception of Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged, which had a marginally negative return, our other Funds finished the six month period ended September 30, 2014 in positive territory. All four of our Funds finished the one year period ended September 30, 2014 in positive territory.

The price of oil as measured by Brent Crude declined approximately 19% from mid-June through September 30, 2014 (\$115 to \$93). While the bulk of our portfolio continued to make financial progress, and we had some very nice returns in several of our pharmaceutical, financial and defense holdings, it was not enough to offset the recent declines in our energy related holdings. With declining oil prices driving oil shares lower, it is easy to lose sight of the longer term fundamental case for oil and gas. While we have no clue as to what will happen to oil prices in the short run, we believe over the longer term, the supply/demand equation for oil and gas should remain relatively tight, due to declining production curves, increasing demand, and higher finding and development costs. At the margin, experts suggest that the marginal cost today of finding and developing a barrel of oil is approximately \$80 to as much as \$100 per barrel. To a great extent, lower cost oil discovered and developed years ago is today being replaced by higher cost oil, i.e., oil from unconventional sources such as deep-water offshore and shale deposits. While Saudi Arabia remains a significant unknown factor in the near term pricing of oil because of its ability to substantially increase or decrease production, longer term factors, in our judgment, remain very favorable. Furthermore, we believe the oil and gas companies in our Fund portfolios have significant financial resources and attractive production growth profiles. Many of these companies also generate cash flow that is currently being used to pay increasing dividends as we wait for longer term value recognition in our shares.

Portfolio activity over the last six months was quite modest. We added to our positions in Antofagasta, Safran, SCOR and Standard Chartered, and sold or reduced our positions in several Japanese holdings. We also began building positions in a few new companies including a small oil equipment company, a Canadian listed South American oil and gas company, a South American beverage bottler, and a leading U.S.-based wireless communications company.

As a reminder, in the event that the dollar continues to strengthen against most major currencies, the forward currency contracts in our hedged funds, the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund and Tweedy, Browne Value Fund, should continue to provide significant protection against foreign currency declines. If the past is prologue, over the long term, both hedged and unhedged returns should come into line with one another. However, there are no guarantees regarding future returns. As always, we do not have a point of view regarding where the dollar will trade going forward against foreign currencies and would caution investors about such views.

A few words about our Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund are in order, as this Fund has trailed our other Funds recently with respect to benchmark comparisons. It is important to note that our Fund does not own highly leveraged real estate companies and regulated utilities, but rather is focused on under-leveraged companies around the globe that are undervalued and pay a dividend yield north of the market averages.

As you can imagine, in this artificial environment where monetary authorities have kept interest rates at rock bottom levels starving investors of any yield on most fixed income investments, money has flowed aggressively into dividend paying companies where investors can find yields of 4% or more.* Furthermore, since 2003, qualified dividends have enjoyed the same attractive tax rates as long-term capital gains. This has in turn caused an increase in valuations for dividend paying companies and made it inordinately difficult for valuedriven investors such as ourselves to put money to work at disciplined prices. The result has been an above average level of cash reserves in our Fund which has been a drag on results since the difficult market of 2011 when our dividend fund was our best performing Fund. The volatility in early October harkens back to those days, and if it continues, this Fund should continue to provide welcome ballast in the storm.

One final note about our Fund portfolios. Increases in Fund flows and climbing equity valuations over the last several years have led to rising cash reserve levels in our Funds. These elevated cash positions have been most pronounced of late in our two international Funds, Global Value Fund (19%) and Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged (26%). So as not to potentially dilute our existing shareholders' returns in this difficult environment, we decided this past August to "soft" close Global Value Fund II, which means that it is closed to most new investors, but remains open to existing shareholders.

We did not feel this action was warranted in our other Funds, given their respective cash reserve levels. We will reopen Global Value Fund II when new idea flow improves and larger amounts of cash can be put to work in cheap stocks.

Looking Forward

The VIX (a popular index and proxy for U.S. equity market volatility) rose like a phoenix in late September and October, catching investors off guard, and once again injecting some much needed skepticism into financial markets. In a fascinating study linking risk taking to physical responses to stress, John Coates, a research fellow at the University of Cambridge, studied the impact of market volatility on 17 London based traders, and found that their cortisol (stress hormone) levels rose 68% over an eight day period as volatility increased. Subsequent studies apparently found this cortisol response to volatility to be quite common in the financial community. In a follow-up study, Coates' colleagues department from the of pharmacologically raised the cortisol levels of another group of volunteers by 69% over eight days and found that their risk appetite, as gauged by means of a computerized gambling task, declined by 44%. Coates drew the inference that when market volatility "rises for a long period, the prolonged uncertainty leads us to subconsciously conclude that we no longer understand what is happening and then cortisol scales back our risk taking."

In contrast to the biological responses of Coates' traders are the dispassionate responses of value investors. As we mentioned in a previous shareholder letter, Jason Zweig, the noted Wall Street Journal columnist and author of Your Money and Your Brain (2007), credited much of the investment success of value investors such as Warren Buffett and Benjamin Graham to being "inversely emotional," i.e., sharing a quality that goes beyond calm, "a certain imperturbability or implacability." Zweig used a classical Greek term, "ataraxia," to describe the state of not being bothered by the things that bother most people. Perhaps we share the affliction. While we were somewhat chagrined to see our oil stocks take it on the chin in late September and early October, we welcomed the increase in market volatility. As Warren Buffett has said on numerous occasions, a long-term consumer of equity securities should welcome pullbacks in equity markets, which afford them the opportunity to buy interests in businesses at attractive prices. We absolutely concur. While the recent volatility has been unsettling to many, it does carry with it potential opportunities to put some of our cash reserves to work.

Thank you for investing with us, and for your continued confidence.

Sincerely,

TWEEDY, BROWNE COMPANY LLC

William H. Browne Thomas H. Shrager John D. Spears Robert Q. Wyckoff, Jr. *Managing Directors*

October 2014

^{*} Stocks and bonds are subject to different risks. In general, stocks are subject to greater price fluctuations and volatility than bonds and can decline significantly in value in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Unlike stocks, if held to maturity, bonds generally offer to pay both a fixed rate of return and a fixed principal value. Bonds are subject to interest rate risk (as interest rates rise bond prices generally fall), the risk of issuer default, issuer credit risk, and inflation risk, although U.S. Treasuries are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

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Footnotes:

- (1) Indexes are unmanaged, and the figures for the indexes shown include reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions and do not reflect any fees or expenses. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. We strongly recommend that these factors be considered before an investment decision is made.
- (2) The MSCI EAFE Index is an unmanaged capitalization-weighted index of companies representing the stock markets of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Index (in US\$) reflects the return of the MSCI EAFE Index for a U.S. dollar investor. The MSCI EAFE Index (Hedged to US\$) consists of the results of the MSCI EAFE Index hedged 100% back into U.S. dollars and accounts for interest rate differentials in forward currency exchange rates. Results for both indexes are inclusive of dividends and net of foreign withholding taxes.
- (3) Inception dates for the Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund are June 15, 1993, October 26, 2009, December 8, 1993, and September 5, 2007, respectively. Prior to 2004, information with respect to the MSCI EAFE and MSCI World indexes used was available at month end only; therefore, the since inception performance of the MSCI EAFE indexes quoted for the Global Value Fund reflects performance from May 31, 1993, the closest month end to the Global Value Fund's inception date, and the since inception performance of the MSCI World Index quoted for the Value Fund reflects performance from November 30, 1993, the closest month end to the Value Fund's inception date.
- (4) The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted unmanaged market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets. The MSCI World Index (in US\$) reflects the

return of this index for a U.S. dollar investor. The MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$) consists of the results of the MSCI World Index with its foreign currency exposure hedged 100% back into U.S. dollars. The index accounts for interest rate differentials in forward currency exchange rates. Results for each index are inclusive of dividends and net of foreign withholding taxes.

- (5) The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged capitalization weighted index composed of 500 widely held common stocks that assumes the reinvestment of dividends. The index is generally considered representative of U.S. large capitalization stocks.
- The S&P 500/MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$) is a (6)combination of the S&P 500 Index and the MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$), linked together by Tweedy, Browne Company, and represents the performance of the S&P 500 Index for the periods 12/8/93 - 12/31/06 and the performance of the MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$), beginning 1/01/07 and thereafter. For the period from the Fund's inception through 2006, the Investment Adviser chose the S&P 500 Index as the relevant market benchmark. Starting in mid-December 2006, the Fund's investment mandate changed from investing at least 80% of its assets in U.S. securities to investing no less than approximately 50% in U.S. securities, and the Investment Adviser chose the MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$) as the most relevant benchmark for the Fund starting January 1, 2007. Effective July 29, 2013, the Value Fund removed the 50% requirement, and continues to use the MSCI World Index (Hedged to US\$) as the most relevant benchmark.
- (7) As of September 30, 2014, Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund, Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II Currency Unhedged, Tweedy, Browne Value Fund and Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund had each invested the following percentages of its net assets, respectively, in the following portfolio holdings: Antofagasta (1.0%, 1.5%, 0.0%, 0.0%); Safran (2.9%, 3.4%, 0.0%, 0.0%); SCOR (1.9%, 2.1%, 0.0%, 2.7%); and Standard Chartered (3.1%, 3.5%, 2.8%, 3.5%).

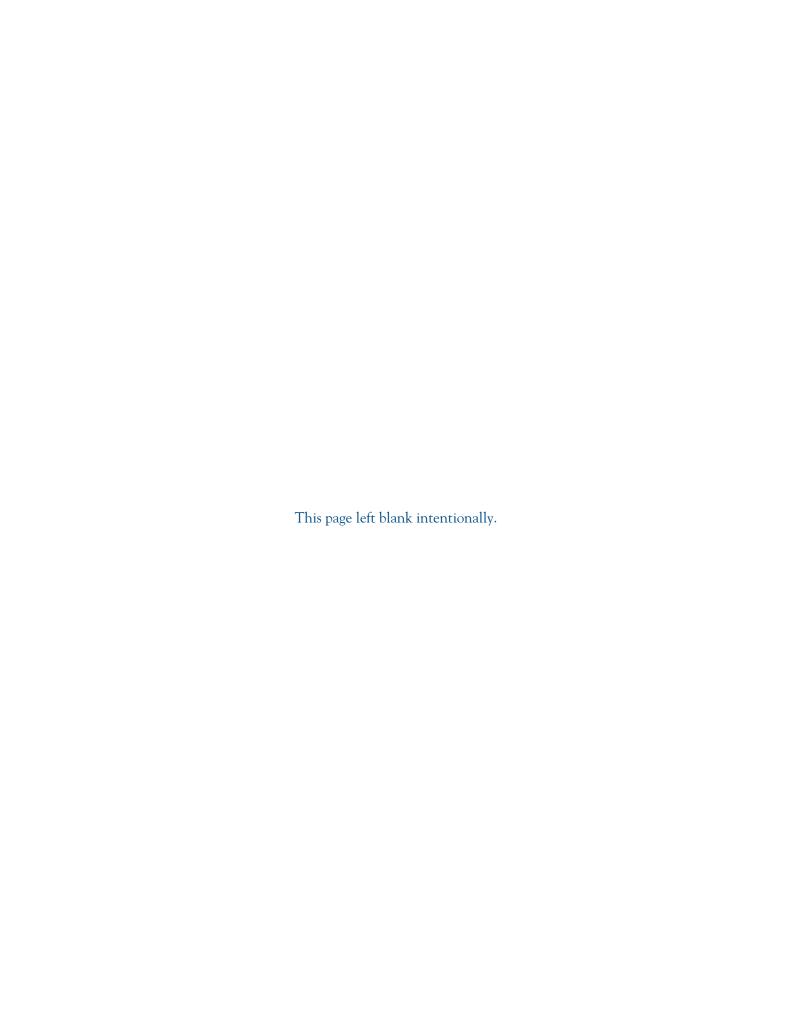
Current and future portfolio holdings are subject to risk. Investing in foreign securities involves additional risks beyond the risks of investing in U.S. securities markets. These risks include currency fluctuations; political uncertainty; different accounting and financial standards; different regulatory environments; and different market and economic factors in various non-U.S. countries. In addition, the securities of small, less well known companies may be more volatile than those of larger companies. Value investing involves the risk that the market will not recognize a security's intrinsic value for a long time, or that a security thought to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced when purchased. Please refer to the Funds' prospectus for a description of risk factors associated with investments in securities which may be held by the Funds.

Although the practice of hedging against currency exchange rate changes utilized by the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund and Tweedy, Browne Value Fund reduces the risk of loss from exchange rate movements, it also reduces the ability of the Funds to gain from favorable exchange rate movements when the U.S. dollar declines against the currencies in which the Funds' investments are denominated and in some interest rate environments may impose out-of-pocket costs on the Funds.

This letter contains opinions and statements on investment techniques, economics, market conditions and other matters. Of course there is no guarantee that these opinions and statements will prove to be correct, and some of them are inherently speculative. None of them should be relied upon as statements of fact.

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund, Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Tweedy, Browne Value Fund, and Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund are distributed by AMG Distributors, Inc., member FINRA/SIPC.

This material must be preceded or accompanied by a prospectus for Tweedy, Browne Fund Inc.



TWEEDY, BROWNE FUND INC.

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged

Tweedy, Browne Value Fund

Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

September 30, 2014

Expense Information (Unaudited)

A shareholder of the Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund or Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund (collectively, the "Funds") incurs two types of costs: (1) transaction costs and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees and other Fund expenses. The Example below is intended to help a shareholder understand the ongoing costs (in U.S. dollars) of investing in the Funds and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held for the entire period of April 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014.

Actual Expenses The first part of the table presented below, under the heading "Actual Expenses", provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. The information in this line may be used with the amount a shareholder invested to estimate the expenses that were paid by the shareholder over the period. Simply divide the shareholder's account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the first line under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses paid during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes The second part of the table presented below, under the heading "Hypothetical Expenses", provides information about

hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on each Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not each Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses paid by the shareholder of the Funds for the period. This information may be used to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Funds to other funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table below are meant to highlight a shareholder's ongoing costs only and do not reflect redemption fees. Redemptions from the Global Value Fund, the Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged and the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, including exchange redemptions, within 60 days of purchase are subject to a redemption fee equal to 2% of the redemption proceeds, which will be retained by the Funds. There are no other transactional expenses associated with the purchase and sale of shares charged by any of the Funds, such as commissions, sales loads and/or redemption fees on shares held longer than 60 days. Other mutual funds may have such transactional charges. Therefore, the second part of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help a shareholder determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if redemption fees were included, a shareholder's costs would have been higher.

		es			cal Expenses before Expenses)		
	Beginning Account Value 4/1/14	Ending Account Value 9/30/14	Expenses Paid During Period* 4/1/14 – 9/30/14	Beginning Account Value 4/1/14	Ending Account Value 9/30/14	Expenses Paid During Period* 4/1/14 – 9/30/14	Annualized Expense Ratio
Global Value Fund	\$1,000.00	\$1,020.80	\$6.84	\$1,000.00	\$1,018.30	\$6.83	1.35%
Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	\$1,000.00	\$989.30	\$6.83	\$1,000.00	\$1,018.20	\$6.93	1.37%
Value Fund	\$1,000.00	\$1,037.10	\$6.89	\$1,000.00	\$1,018.30	\$6.83	1.35%
Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.10	\$6.77	\$1,000.00	\$1,018.30	\$6.83	1.35%

^{*} Expenses are equal to each Fund's annualized expense ratio, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by the number of days in the period, divided by 365 (to reflect the one-half year period).

Shares		Value (Note 2)	Shares		Value (Note 2)
	COMMON STOCKS—77.8%			Japan (continued)	
	Brazil—1.5%		371,900	T. Hasegawa Company Ltd	\$5,675,378
20.758.777	Banco Santander (Brasil) SA, ADR	\$135,762,401	503,900	Takata Corporation	11,428,991
20,130,111	-	ψ103,102,101			153,366,900
120 222	Canada—1.9%	2 525 055		Market 0.60/	
	Cenovus Energy, Inc	3,725,977 68,493,580	520 112	Mexico—0.6% Coca-Cola Femsa SA de CV, Sponsored	
	Pacific Rubiales Energy Corporation	94,189,880	320,112	ADR(e)	52,385,681
3,003,000	Undisclosed Security ^{(a)(b)}			-	32,363,661
		166,676,534	2.126.154	Netherlands—8.4%	146 204 612
	-	100,010,551		Akzo Nobel NV	146,394,613
	Chile—1.0%			Heineken Holding NV	209,053,953 234,570,604
7,280,800	Antofagasta PLC	85,101,044		Telegraaf Media Groep NV, CVA	3,923,649
	Czech Republic—0.0%(c)			TNT Express NV	89,065,548
2.800	Philip Morris CR a.s	1,311,611		Unilever NV, CVA	54,922,288
2,000	<u>-</u>	1,011,011	,,.	-	737,930,655
0.60.500	Finland—0.4%	20.054.252		-	191,790,099
969,520	Kone Oyj, Class B	38,971,370		Norway—0.8%	
	France—11.6%			Ekornes ASA	291,454
7,719,256	CNP Assurances	145,392,437	1,277,000	Schibsted ASA	69,349,982
3,934,340	Safran SA	255,361,086			69,641,436
5,431,520	SCOR SE	169,715,702		Singapara 2.7%	
	Teleperformance SA	44,112,937	11 085 153	Singapore—2.7% DBS Group Holdings Ltd	160,110,184
	Total SA	293,773,449		United Overseas Bank Ltd.	
2,496,365	Vallourec SA	114,819,987	1,120,000	omed everseas bank bed	
	_	1,023,175,598			237,899,818
	Germany—6.9%			South Korea—0.3%	
3 726 000	Axel Springer SE	205,172,168	150,900	Daegu Department Store Company	
	Henkel AG & Company, KGaA	180,953,550	122.552	Ltd	2,338,038
	Krones AG	56,715,706		Samchully Company Ltd	19,093,159
42,354	KSB AG	24,531,409	4,489	Samyang Holdings Corporation	370,095
699,000	Muenchener Rueckversicherungs AG	138,235,305			21,801,292
		605,608,138		Spain—1.1%	
	- II I/ 0.50/		7,400,000	Mediaset España Comunicacion SA ^(a)	92,115,562
5 670 126	Hong Kong—0.5% Great Eagle Holdings Ltd	10 204 602		-	
	Jardine Strategic Holdings Ltd	19,304,683 15,142,325	(2.26)	Sweden—0.0%(c)	100.050
	Miramar Hotel & Investment	73,854	63,360	Cloetta AB, B Shares ^(a)	189,858
37,000	Undisclosed Securities ^(b)	6,496,967		Switzerland—13.7%	
	-	41,017,829		ABB Ltd	51,079,013
	-	11,011,027		CIE Financiere Richemont AG	31,815,594
	Italy—0.5%			Coltene Holding AG ^(d)	13,357,041
	Buzzi Unicem SpA	1,970,083	130,000	Daetwyler Holding AG, Bearer	17,129,252
4,795,392	SOL SpA ^(d)	37,558,179		Loeb Holding AG	1,904,762
	_	39,528,262	2,701,120	Nestle SA, Registered	204,472,716 484,772
	Japan—1.7%			Novartis AG, Registered	283,234,223
1 263 000	Fujitec Company Ltd	13,758,922		Phoenix Mecano AG ^(d)	32,542,041
	Honda Motor Company Ltd	54,646,976		Roche Holding AG	291,544,113
	Kuroda Electric Company Ltd	6,180,713		Siegfried Holding AG ^(d)	36,847,517
	Lintec Corporation	1,560,164		Tamedia AG	57,139,081
	Mandom Corporation	2,384,279	608,700	Zurich Insurance Group AG	181,431,460
	Medikit Company Ltd	6,775,888			1,202,981,585
	NGK Spark Plug Company Ltd	42,438,466		Theiland 1 00/	
	Nippon Kanzai Company Ltd	4,315,276	14.267.700	Thailand—1.0% Bangkok Bank Public Company Ltd.,	
	SEC Carbon Ltd	278,241 3,923,606	14,207,700	NVDR	89,764,404
700,000	Shiriko Shoji Company Ltd	3,723,000			07,101,101

TOTAL COMMON STOCKS

(Cost \$4,303,982,289)

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Shares		Value (Note 2)	Shares		Value (Note 2)
	United Kingdom—13.8%			PREFERRED STOCKS—0.2%	
	AGA Rangemaster Group PLC ^(a)	\$2,381,860		Chile—0.1%	
1,782,000	BBA Aviation PLC	9,388,832		Undisclosed Security ^(b)	\$6,932,601
	British American Tobacco PLC	74,793,726		Ondisclosed Security	Ψ0,932,001
4,274,000	Daily Mail & General Trust PLC,			Croatia—0.1%	
	Class A	53,074,243	166,388	Adris Grupa d.d	9,227,320
5,693,992	Diageo PLC, Sponsored ADR	164,769,034	,	1	
	G4Š PLC	142,097,164		Germany—0.0%(c)	
3,644,000	GlaxoSmithKline PLC	83,472,045	314,700	Villeroy & Boch AG	4,969,303
2,907,308	Hays PLC	5,481,397			
	Headlam Group PLC	9,289,558		TOTAL PREFERRED STOCKS	
	HSBC Holdings PLC	102,783,687		(Cost \$19,698,884)	21,129,224
1,111,325	Imperial Tobacco Group PLC	47,994,981			
370,900	Pearson PLC	7,455,882	022 605 665	REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMP	ANY—10.6%
	Provident Financial PLC	115,876,076	933,687,665	Dreyfus Treasury Prime Cash	
	Standard Chartered PLC	270,162,754		Management (Cost \$933,687,665)	933,687,665
	TT Electronics PLC				
	Unilever PLC		Face Value		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	1,216,441,974			
		1,210,771,777	4	U.S. TREASURY BILLS—8.3%	
	United States—9.4%			0.040% ^(g) due 10/30/14 ^(e)	
75,700	American National Insurance		300,000,000	0.050% ^(g) due 01/22/15	299,983,500
	Company	8,508,680	300,000,000	0.040% ^(g) due 01/29/15	299,982,600
1,094,821	Baxter International, Inc	78,575,303		TOTAL ILO TRELATEDURA	
	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class A ^(a)	90,208,400		TOTAL U.S. TREASURY BILLS	504060050
	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class B ^(a)	41,580		(Cost \$724,909,910)	724,963,850
	Cisco Systems, Inc.	34,943,511	TOTAL INVES	STMENTS	
	ConocoPhillips	44,917,240		,278,748)	8,521,337,734
	Devon Energy Corporation	85,800,098	(Ουσε φ5,702	5210,1107 50.570	0,521,551,151
	Devoir Energy Corporation	05,000,000	TIMEDEATIZED	ADDDECLATION	
		44,719,160		APPRECIATION	220 (47 270
(6,000	Google Inc., Class A ^(a)	44,719,160	ON FORWA	RD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6	230,647,378
1,852,170	Google Inc., Class A ^(a)	44,719,160 43,879,360	ON FORWA	RD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6	
1,852,170	Google Inc., Class A ^(a)	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487	ON FORWA	RD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6	230,647,378 41,149,470
1,852,170 865,835	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487 92,289,353	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABI	IRD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6 IS LITIES (Net) 0.5	41,149,470
1,852,170 865,835 1,373,501	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson Joy Global, Inc.	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABI	RD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6	41,149,470
1,852,170 865,835 1,373,501 132,900	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487 92,289,353 74,910,744 10,113,690	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABI NET ASSETS	RD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6 IS	41,149,470
1,852,170 865,835 1,373,501 132,900 33,225	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson Joy Global, Inc. National Oilwell Varco, Inc. NOW Inc. ^(a)	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487 92,289,353 74,910,744 10,113,690 1,010,372	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABL NET ASSETS	IRD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6 IS	41,149,470 \$8,793,134,582
1,852,170 865,835 1,373,501 132,900 33,225 918,700	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson Joy Global, Inc. National Oilwell Varco, Inc. NOW Inc. ^(a) Philip Morris International, Inc.	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487 92,289,353 74,910,744 10,113,690 1,010,372 76,619,580	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABL NET ASSETS (a) Non-incom (b) Rebresents	IRD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6 IS	41,149,470 \$8,793,134,582
1,852,170 865,835 1,373,501 132,900 33,225 918,700	Google Inc., Class A ^(a) Google Inc., Class C ^(a) Halliburton Company Johnson & Johnson Joy Global, Inc. National Oilwell Varco, Inc. NOW Inc. ^(a)	44,719,160 43,879,360 119,483,487 92,289,353 74,910,744 10,113,690 1,010,372 76,619,580	ON FORWA OTHER ASSE AND LIABI NET ASSETS (a) Non-incom (b) Represents be disadvar (c) Amount re	IRD CONTRACTS (Net) 2.6 IS	41,149,470 \$8,793,134,582 are disclosure may gram.

6,841,556,995

Abbreviations:
ADR — American Depositary Receipt
CVA — Certificaaten van aandelen (Share Certificates)
NVDR — Non Voting Depository Receipt

All or a portion of this security has been segregated to cover certain open forward contracts. At September 30, 2014, liquid assets totaling \$177,383,431 have been segregated to cover such open forward contracts.

Security has been deemed illiquid. The total position represents 0.1% of the net secure of the Eural (e)

⁽f) assets of the Fund.
Rate represents annualized yield at date of purchase.

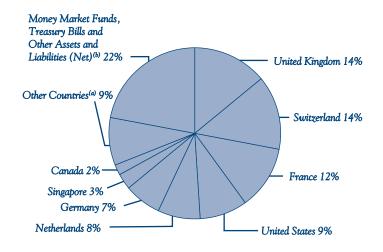
Sector Diversification

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Percentage of Sector Diversification Net Assets **COMMON STOCKS:** 10.4% Energy 10.3 Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology & Life Sciences 9.0 8.3 7.6 5.6 Beverage 4.8 4.3 3.2 2.3 2.1 Automobiles & Components 1.2 Health Care Equipment & Services 1.1 1.0 1.0 Technology Hardware & Equipment 0.4 Real Estate 0.2 0.2 Retailing 0.2 $0.0^{(a)}$ Total Common Stocks 77.8 Preferred Stocks 0.2 Registered Investment Company 10.6 8.3 2.6 0.5 Other Assets and Liabilities (Net) 100.0%

Portfolio Composition

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)



⁽a) "Other Countries" include Brazil, Chile, Croatia, Czech Republic, Finland, Hong Kong, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Norway, South Korea, Spain, Sweden and Thailand

Schedule of Forward Exchange Contracts

Contracts		Counter- party	Contract Value Date	Contract Value on Origination Date	Value 9/30/14 (Note 2)	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
	CHANGE CONTRACTS TO BUY(a)					
, ,	Brazilian Real European Union Euro	SSB SSB	12/2/14 10/2/14	\$14,995,716 88,375,000	\$14,037,452 88,428,566	\$(958,264) 53,566
			_	\$103,370,716	\$102,466,018	\$(904,698)
FORWARD EXC	CHANGE CONTRACTS TO SELL(a)		=			
60,000,000	Brazilian Real	SSB	12/2/14	\$(23,506,366)	\$(24,064,203)	\$(557,837)
70,000,000	Brazilian Real	BNY	1/5/15	(26,954,178)	(27,823,670)	(869,492)
37,000,000	Brazilian Real	SSB	5/5/15	(14,949,495)	(14,240,288)	709,207
35,000,000	Brazilian Real	SSB	6/2/15	(14,300,306)	(13,366,357)	933,949
8,000,000	Canadian Dollar	SSB	1/26/15	(7,262,955)	(7,138,106)	124,849
30,000,000	Canadian Dollar	JPM	6/4/15	(27,361,653)	(26,690,641)	671,012
20,000,000	Canadian Dollar	JPM	7/6/15	(18,537,812)	(17,781,864)	755,948
40,000,000	Canadian Dollar	JPM	7/23/15	(36,886,758)	(35,551,100)	1,335,658
35,000,000	Canadian Dollar	BNY	7/28/15	(32,314,056)	(31,103,964)	1,210,092
40,000,000	Canadian Dollar	NTC	8/11/15	(36,365,289)	(35,536,997)	828,292
8,000,000	Canadian Dollar	NTC	8/21/15	(7,272,066)	(7,105,916)	166,150
16,500,000	Canadian Dollar	NTC	9/14/15	(15,078,614)	(14,648,613)	430,001
70,000,000	European Union Euro	SSB	10/2/14	(94,723,303)	(88,428,566)	6,294,737
85,000,000	European Union Euro	SSB	10/14/14	(115,668,007)	(107,386,172)	8,281,835
130,000,000	European Union Euro	SSB	10/27/14	(178,141,588)	(164,251,973)	13,889,615
90,000,000	European Union Euro	SSB	10/30/14	(124,031,247)	(113,715,333)	10,315,914
100,000,000	European Union Euro	NTC	10/31/14	(137,965,002)	(126,351,295)	11,613,707
75,000,000	European Union Euro	NTC	11/6/14	(103,599,374)	(94,767,639)	8,831,735
50,000,000	European Union Euro	SSB	11/7/14	(68,875,001)	(63,178,889)	5,696,112
80,000,000	European Union Euro	NTC	12/4/14	(108,629,205)	(101,106,676)	7,522,529
100,000,000	European Union Euro	BNY	1/26/15	(135,868,993)	(126,438,203)	9,430,790

⁽b) Includes Unrealized Appreciation on Forward Contracts (Net)

 $^{^{\}text{(a)}}$ Amount represents less than 0.1% of net assets

Schedule of Forward Exchange Contracts

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

September 50, 2017 (Orlandiced)	Counter-	Contract	Contract Value on	Value 9/30/14	Unrealized
Contracts	party	Value Date	Origination Date	(Note 2)	Gain (Loss)
FORWARD EXCHANGE CONTRACTS TO SELL(a) (continued)					
100,000,000 European Union Euro	JPM	2/6/15	\$(135,627,996)	\$(126,449,810)	\$9,178,186
65,000,000 European Union Euro	JPM	2/24/15	(88,868,326)	(82,204,726)	6,663,600
70,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	2/27/15	(96,173,702)	(88,530,383)	7,643,319
90,000,000 European Union Euro	BNY	4/13/15	(123,286,050)	(113,881,093)	9,404,957
20,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	4/20/15	(27,789,001)	(25,309,779)	2,479,222
60,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	6/17/15	(81,339,900)	(76,000,740)	5,339,160
35,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	7/6/15	(47,782,000)	(44,347,477)	3,434,523
105,000,000 European Union Euro 40,000,000 European Union Euro	JPM BNY	8/11/15	(141,274,350)	(133,120,763) (50,719,308)	8,153,587
100,000,000 European Union Euro	BNY	8/19/15 9/14/15	(53,665,200) (130,380,000)	(126,852,217)	2,945,892 3,527,783
70,000,000 European Union Euro	SSB	10/8/15	(88,771,900)	(88,829,331)	(57,431)
30,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	NTC	10/27/14	(48,424,500)	(48,622,848)	(198,348)
30,000,000 Great Britain Found Sterling	JPM	10/21/14	(48,357,300)	(48,621,156)	(263,856)
30,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	SSB	12/4/14	(48,665,400)	(48,606,738)	58,662
25,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	BNY	12/15/14	(40,677,000)	(40,501,517)	175,483
40,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	NTC	2/24/15	(66,264,000)	(64,750,340)	1,513,660
35,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	JPM	2/27/15	(58,160,375)	(56,654,531)	1,505,844
45,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	SSB	3/16/15	(74,970,896)	(72,826,776)	2,144,120
45,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	NTC	4/13/15	(74,326,500)	(72,801,085)	1,525,415
45,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	NTC	4/20/15	(75,044,250)	(72,794,345)	2,249,905
50,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	BNY	5/11/15	(84,103,500)	(80,860,135)	3,243,365
40,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	BNY	6/17/15	(66,704,400)	(64,656,436)	2,047,964
25,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	SSB	8/21/15	(41,524,875)	(40,375,497)	1,149,378
25,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	JPM	9/14/15	(40,825,000)	(40,362,657)	462,343
1,455,000,000 Japanese Yen	SSB	11/4/14	(14,959,133)	(13,267,417)	1,691,716
6,000,000,000 Japanese Yen	JPM	2/27/15	(61,811,064)	(54,785,178)	7,025,886
2,500,000,000 Japanese Yen	BNY	3/12/15	(25,137,755)	(22,829,974)	2,307,781
1,850,000,000 Japanese Yen	JPM	2/19/16	(18,227,499)	(17,059,422)	1,168,077
420,000,000 Mexican Peso	NTC	11/10/14	(31,159,119)	(31,180,392)	(21,273)
314,000,000 Mexican Peso	BNY	2/27/15	(22,896,310)	(23,137,975)	(241,665)
90,000,000 Norwegian Krone	NTC	10/14/14	(14,869,889)	(14,005,445)	864,444
80,000,000 Norwegian Krone	BNY	11/7/14	(13,421,783)	(12,438,550)	983,233
85,000,000 Norwegian Krone	JPM	12/29/14	(13,609,799)	(13,191,353)	418,446
155,000,000 Norwegian Krone	SSB	2/27/15	(25,213,501)	(24,003,926)	1,209,575
30,000,000 Singapore Dollar	SSB	12/15/14	(23,928,215)	(23,522,032)	406,183
35,000,000 Singapore Dollar	JPM JPM	2/24/15	(27,648,313)	(27,442,984)	205,329 508,837
30,000,000 Singapore Dollar	JPM	4/20/15 5/11/15	(24,032,684) (31,933,578)	(23,523,847) (31,366,266)	567,312
43,000,000 Singapore Dollar	JPM	6/2/15	(34,331,337)	(33,720,015)	611,322
30,000,000 Singapore Dollar	BNY	7/6/15	(24,023,062)	(23,526,972)	496,090
27,000,000 Singapore Dollar	SSB	8/11/15	(21,659,781)	(21,175,590)	484,191
22,000,000,000 South Korean Won	IPM	10/14/14	(20,140,987)	(20,833,860)	(692,873)
70,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	10/27/14	(77,872,956)	(73,276,224)	4,596,732
100,000,000 Swiss Franc	IPM	10/30/14	(112,104,482)	(104,682,994)	7,421,488
100,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	10/31/14	(112,563,176)	(104,683,870)	7,879,306
70,000,000 Swiss Franc	SSB	11/6/14	(78,500,858)	(73,282,392)	5,218,466
60,000,000 Swiss Franc	JPM	11/7/14	(67,103,961)	(62,814,005)	4,289,956
35,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	12/4/14	(38,695,626)	(36,651,230)	2,044,396
75,000,000 Swiss Franc	NTC	1/26/15	(82,982,961)	(78,597,436)	4,385,525
45,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	2/24/15	(50,495,416)	(47,175,379)	3,320,037
80,000,000 Swiss Franc	NTC	2/27/15	(90,331,687)	(83,870,454)	6,461,233
53,000,000 Swiss Franc	NTC	6/2/15	(59,440,363)	(55,658,968)	3,781,395
36,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	8/11/15	(39,948,954)	(37,860,364)	2,088,590
50,000,000 Swiss Franc	SSB	9/14/15	(54,102,600)	(52,620,528)	1,482,072
500,000,000 Thailand Baht	SSB	2/6/15	(14,581,511)	(15,331,279)	(749,768)
420,000,000 Thailand Baht	JPM	5/5/15	(12,752,391)	(12,831,604)	(79,213)
850,000,000 Thailand Baht	BNY	5/26/15	(25,563,910)	(25,945,697)	(381,787)
500,000,000 Thailand Baht	JPM	6/4/15	(14,954,389)	(15,256,377)	(301,988)
	BNY	8/21/15	(13,238,916)	(13,077,427)	161,489
TOTAL		=	\$(4,505,535,655)	\$(4,273,983,579)	\$231,552,076
Unrealized Appreciation on Forward Contracts (Net)				_	\$230,647,378

⁽a) Primary risk exposure being hedged against is currency risk.

Counterparty Abbreviations:

BNY — The Bank of New York Mellon
JPM — JPMorgan Chase Bank NA
NTC — Northern Trust Company
SSB — State Street Bank and Trust Company

Shares		Value (Note 2)	Shares		Value (Note 2)
	COMMON STOCKS—74.1%			Japan (continued)	
	Australia—0.0% ^(a)			T. Hasegawa Company Ltd	\$143,449
106,339	Metcash Ltd.	\$244,727	49,900	Takata Corporation	1,131,785
	Brazil—1.5%			-	8,419,026
1,159,100	Banco Santander (Brasil) SA, ADR	7,580,514	02.550	Netherlands—7.6%	5 (50 (33
	Canada—2.6%		. ,	Akzo Nobel NV	5,658,623 3,899,452
	Cenovus Energy, Inc.	6,740,191	57,932	Heineken NV	4,335,331
363,000	Pacific Rubiales Energy Corporation			Royal Dutch Shell PLC, Class A	11,311,549
	Undisclosed Security ^{(b)(c)}	525,346		TNT Express NV	7,899,066 6,441,024
	-	13,303,013	,	_	39,545,045
679 700	Chile—1.5% Antofagasta PLC	7 022 020		New Zealand—0.2%	
070,700	-	7,932,930	328,666	Nuplex Industries Ltd.	786,467
20.004	Finland—0.2%	1 161 420		Norway—0.4%	<u> </u>
28,894	Kone Oyj, Class B	1,161,439	42,980	Schibsted ASA	2,334,113
104 210	France—11.8%	2 (50 025		Singapore—3.0%	
.,.	CNP Assurances Safran SA	3,659,835 17,620,599	614,047	DBS Group Holdings Ltd	8,869,080
349,100	SCOR SE	10,908,135	950,893	Metro Holdings Ltd	671,061
	Teleperformance SA Total SA	7,187,706 13,993,235	329,389	United Overseas Bank Ltd.	
	Vallourec SA			-	15,325,692
	-	61,432,411	22.040	South Korea—0.7%	2/1 /07
	Germany—5.8%			Daegu Department Store Company Ltd	341,487 1,987,775
221,100	Axel Springer SE	12,174,870	4,693	Samyang Genex Company Ltd	622,620
57,210	Henkel AG & Company, KGaA	5,347,290	5,585	Samyang Holdings Corporation	460,455
	Krones AG	2,324,822 5,742,599		-	3,412,337
	Siemens AG	4,408,964	220 100	Spain—0.8%	4,096,653
		29,998,545	329,100	Mediaset España Comunicacion SA ^(b)	4,090,033
	Hong Kong—0.6%		157 355	Switzerland—11.0% ABB Ltd	3,537,400
	Great Eagle Holdings Ltd	1,075,532		Coltene Holding AG	1,043,694
	Jardine Strategic Holdings Ltd	717,457 137,438	142,100	Nestle SA, Registered	10,447,436
	Oriental Watch Holdings	201,478		Novartis AG, Registered	12,212,848 2,377,598
,	Undisclosed Securities(c)	1,018,753	56,300	Roche Holding AG	16,680,827
	-	3,150,658		Schindler Holding AG	2,407,867
	Italy—1.6%			Siegfried Holding AG	317,066 87,832
	Buzzi Unicem SpA	1,548,667		Zurich Insurance Group AG	7,987,813
	Davide Campari-Milano SpA	367,131 5,720,999		_	57,100,381
	SOL SpA	520,485		Thailand—1.5%	
		8,157,282	1,220,100	Bangkok Bank Public Company Ltd., NVDR	7,676,188
	Japan—1.6%			United Kingdom—14.3%	
	Honda Motor Company Ltd	1,773,645	547,600	BAE Systems PLC	4,185,676
	Lintec Corporation	1,304,365		British American Tobacco PLC	1,732,957 2,961,714
	Mandom Corporation	748,753 2,457,815	262,052	Diageo PLC, Sponsored ADR	7,583,090
20,200	Nihon Kagaku Sangyo Company Ltd	137,189		G4S PLC	11,466,874 5,823,870
	Nippon Kanzai Company Ltd	262,448 66,235	1,149,856	Hays PLC	2,167,922
	Shinko Shoji Company Ltd	393,342		Headlam Group PLC	1,421,152
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September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

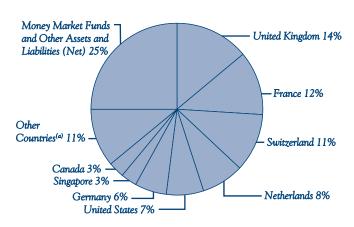
Shares	Value (Note 2)	<u>Shares</u>	Value (Note 2)
United Kingdom (continued) 738,083 HSBC Holdings PLC 116,639 Imperial Tobacco Group PLC 167,000 Pearson PLC 71,595 Provident Financial PLC 977,300 Standard Chartered PLC 144,469 TT Electronics PLC	5,037,308 3,357,057 2,479,159 18,069,399	PREFERRED STOCKS—0.5% Chile—0.4% Undisclosed Security(c) Germany—0.1% 648 KSB AG TOTAL PREFERRED STOCKS (Cost \$2,806,676)	376,344
United States—7.4% 11,431 Baxter International, Inc. 29,399 ConocoPhillips 70,900 Halliburton Company 106,257 Johnson & Johnson 122,787 Joy Global, Inc. 55,980 MasterCard, Inc., Class A 54,644 National Oilwell Varco, Inc. 13,661 NOW Inc.(b) 31,061 Philip Morris International, Inc. 14,700 Phillips 66 TOTAL COMMON STOCKS (Cost \$318,172,400)	38,164,135	OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Net) (0.6)	34,937,731 21,680,801 (2,879,562) 18,801,239

Sector Diversification

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Sector Diversification	Percentage of Net Assets
COMMON STOCKS:	
Energy	10.9%
Banks	10.7
Capital Goods	9.9
Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology & Life Sciences	8.9
Insurance	5.5
Media	4.8
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.1
Materials	3.5
Food	3.5
Beverage	3.1
Tobacco	1.8 1.5
Transportation	1.5
	1.0
Automobiles & Components Software & Services	0.8
Technology Hardware & Equipment	0.6
Retailing	0.6
Diversified Financials	0.5
Utilities	0.4
Health Care Equipment & Services	0.4
Real Estate	0.3
Food & Staples Retailing	0.1
Consumer Services	$0.0^{(a)}$
Total Common Stocks	74.1
Preferred Stocks	0.5
Registered Investment Company	26.0
Other Assets and Liabilities (Net)	(0.6)
Net Assets	100.0%
140113000	100.070

Portfolio Composition



⁽a) "Other Countries" include Australia, Brazil, Chile, Finland, Hong Kong, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, South Korea, Spain and Thailand

 $^{^{(}a)}$ Amount represents less than 0.1% of net assets

Shares		Value (Note 2)	<u>Shares</u>	Value (Note 2)
	COMMON STOCKS—86.4%		United States (continued)	
	Brazil—0.7%		230,068 Comcast Corporation, Special Class A	
701,024	Banco Santander (Brasil) SA, ADR	\$4,584,697	161,695 ConocoPhillips	
	Canada—1.0%		129,850 Emerson Electric Company	
371,400	Pacific Rubiales Energy Corporation	6,241,235	6,150 Google Inc., Class A ^(a)	3,618,721
	France—5.2%		6,150 Google Inc., Class C ^(a)	
360.300	CNP Assurances	6,786,262	307,865 Halliburton Company	
	Total SA		132,000 Joy Global, Inc.	
	_	33,122,857	213,680 Leucadia National Corporation	5,094,131
	Germany—5.0%		101,925 MasterCard, Inc., Class A	7,534,296
164.718	Axel Springer SE	9,070,196	36,818 National Western Life Insurance Company, Class A	9,094,414
	Henkel AG & Company, KGaA		64,800 Philip Morris International, Inc.	
53,330	Muenchener Rueckversicherungs AG		55,857 UniFirst Corporation	5,395,228
	_	32,027,465	87,720 Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	
	Japan—0.5%		437,085 Wells Fargo & Company	
87,000	Honda Motor Company Ltd	3,013,811		258,572,855
	Netherlands—8.7%		TOTAL COMMON STOCKS	
73,995	Akzo Nobel NV	5,070,968	(Cost \$304,174,263)	553,387,735
	Heineken Holding NV		REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPAN	Y—8.8%
	Royal Dutch Shell PLC, Class A		56,812,930 Dreyfus Government Prime Cash	
163,940	Unilever NV, ADR		Management (Cost \$56,812,930)	56,812,930
	-	55,713,327		
	Singapore—1.5%		Face Value	
539,000	United Overseas Bank Ltd	9,467,263	U.S. TREASURY BILL—2.2%	
	Spain—0.9%		\$14,000,000 0.061% ^(b) due 12/11/14 ^(c) (Cost \$13,998,330)	13 000 580
460,000	Mediaset España Comunicacion SA ^(a)	5,726,102		
	Switzerland—13.3%		TOTAL INVESTMENTS (Cost \$374,985,523)	624,200,245
	Nestle SA, Registered, Sponsored ADR	17,523,940	UNREALIZED APPRECIATION	024,200,243
	Novartis AG, Registered Roche Holding AG	28,733,367 27,465,589	ON FORWARD CONTRACTS (Net) 1.6	10,386,709
	Zurich Insurance Group AG		OTHER ASSETS	,,
, .	-	85,173,018	AND LIABILITIES (Net)	6,139,450
	- II. 4. 1V41 0.20/		NET ASSETS	\$640,726,404
138,000	United Kingdom—9.3% British American Tobacco PLC	7,789,837	=	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
	Diageo PLC, Sponsored ADR	16,569,478	(a) Non-income producing security. (b) Rate retresents annualized yield at date of turchase	
	HSBC Holdings PLC	8,913,723	(c) This security has been segregated to cover certain open forward con	ntracts. At
	Standard Chartered PLC	17,882,567 8,589,500	September 30, 2014, liquid assets totaling \$13,999,580 have been cover such open forward contracts.	n segregated to
203,000	Officever F.C., Sporsored ADIC	59,745,105		
	-	J2,17J,1UJ	Abbreviations: ADR — American Depositary Receipt	
04.525	United States—40.3%	12 202 710	- Included a specific service of the	
	3M Company	13,393,719 8,488,785		
393,000	Bank of New York Mellon Corporation/The	15,220,890		
176,890	Baxter International, Inc.	12,695,395		
	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class A ^(a)	16,552,000		
	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class B ^(a)	4,230,676 13,276,546		
221,112	2222 2700000, 2000 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 110	-0,210,010		

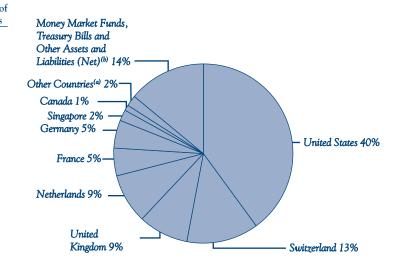
Sector Diversification

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Sector Diversification	Percentage of Net Assets
COMMON STOCKS:	
Energy	16.9%
Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology & Life Sciences	12.9
Insurance	10.5
Banks	9.9
Beverage	5.6
Food	5.2
Capital Goods	4.5
Media	4.2
Diversified Financials	3.2
Software & Services	2.3
Technology Hardware & Equipment	2.1
Tobacco	2.1
Health Care Equipment & Services	2.0
Household & Personal Products	1.9
Food & Staples Retailing	1.0
Commercial Services & Supplies	0.8
Materials	0.8
Automobiles & Components	0.5
Total Common Stocks	86.4
Registered Investment Company	8.8
U.S. Treasury Bill	2.2
Unrealized Appreciation on Forward Contracts (Net)	1.6
Other Assets and Liabilities (Net)	1.0
Net Assets	100.0%

Portfolio Composition

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)



⁽a) "Other Countries" include Brazil, Japan and Spain

Schedule of Forward Exchange Contracts September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Contracts	Counter- party	Contract Value Date	Contract Value on Origination Date	Value 9/30/14 (Note 2)	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
FORWARD EXCHANGE CONTRACTS TO BUY(a)					
6,500,000 Brazilian Real	SSB	12/2/14	\$2,601,873	\$2,606,955	\$5,082
FORWARD EXCHANGE CONTRACTS TO SELL(a)		-			
12,500,000 Brazilian Real	SSB	12/2/14	\$(4,897,160)	\$(5,013,376)	\$(116,216)
7,000,000 Canadian Dollar	JPM	7/23/15	(6,455,182)	(6,221,442)	233,740
3,000,000 European Union Euro	SSB	10/27/14	(4,110,960)	(3,790,430)	320,530
7,000,000 European Union Euro	SSB	11/7/14	(9,642,500)	(8,845,044)	797,456
5,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	12/4/14	(6,789,325)	(6,319,167)	470,158
8,500,000 European Union Euro	BNY	12/15/14	(11,620,690)	(10,743,525)	877,165
23,000,000 European Union Euro	NTC	2/27/15	(31,599,931)	(29,088,555)	2,511,376
12,000,000 European Union Euro	BNY	4/13/15	(16,438,140)	(15,184,146)	1,253,994
4,000,000 European Union Euro	BNY	9/14/15	(5,215,200)	(5,074,089)	141,111
4,800,000 European Union Euro	NTC	9/25/15	(6,223,680)	(6,090,018)	133,662
4,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	NTC	10/27/14	(6,456,600)	(6,483,046)	(26,446)
1,500,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	SSB	12/4/14	(2,433,270)	(2,430,337)	2,933
3,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	BNY	12/15/14	(4,881,240)	(4,860,182)	21,058
4,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	BNY	5/11/15	(6,728,280)	(6,468,811)	259,469
4,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	JPM	9/14/15	(6,532,000)	(6,458,025)	73,975
4,000,000 Great Britain Pound Sterling	ŇTC	9/28/15	(6,518,200)	(6,456,940)	61,260
130,000,000 Japanese Yen	JPM	2/19/16	(1,280,851)	(1,198,770)	82,081
3,500,000 Singapore Dollar	JPM	10/27/14	(2,830,112)	(2,744,296)	85,816
7,000,000 Singapore Dollar	SSB	12/15/14	(5,583,250)	(5,488,474)	94,776
13,000,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	10/27/14	(14,462,120)	(13,608,441)	853,679
8,000,000 Swiss Franc	IPM	11/7/14	(8,947,195)	(8,375,201)	571,994
10,000,000 Swiss Franc	ĎΝΥ	12/4/14	(11,055,893)	(10,471,780)	584,113
7,000,000 Swiss Franc	NTC	2/27/15	(7,904,023)	(7,338,665)	565,358
3,500,000 Swiss Franc	BNY	4/13/15	(3,938,270)	(3,671,833)	266,437
4,000,000 Swiss Franc	SSB	9/14/15	(4,328,208)	(4,209,642)	118,566
6,000,000 Swiss Franc	NTC	9/28/15	(6,460,331)	(6,316,749)	143,582
TOTAL		-	\$(203,332,611)	\$(192,950,984)	\$10,381,627
Unrealized Appreciation on Forward Contracts (Net)		=		-	\$10,386,709

⁽a) Primary risk exposure being hedged against is currency risk.

Counterparty Abbreviations:

Counterparty Abbreviations:

BNY — The Bank of New York Mellon

JPM — JPMorgan Chase Bank NA

NTC — Northern Trust Company

SSB — State Street Bank and Trust Company

⁽b) Includes Unrealized Appreciation on Forward Contracts (Net)

Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Shares		Value (Note 2)	Shares		Value (Note 2)
691,203	COMMON STOCKS—87.9% Brazil—0.7% Banco Santander (Brasil) SA, ADR	\$4,520,468	516,079 4,832,860	United Kingdom—19.2% Daily Mail & General Trust PLC, Class A Diageo PLC, Sponsored ADR G4S PLC GlaxoSmithKline PLC	\$1,241,793 14,933,958 19,641,700 16,482,018
187,800	Canada—0.8% Cenovus Energy, Inc.	5,063,231	2,385,178 397,590	HSBC Holdings PLC Imperial Tobacco Group PLC	24,209,455 17,170,787
562,000	France—7.9% CNP Assurances SCOR SE Total SA	17,560,503	186,465	Pearson PLC Provident Financial PLC Standard Chartered PLC	2,942,953 6,456,826 22,610,322 125,689,812
97,000	Germany—9.3% Axel Springer SE Muenchener Rueckversicherungs AG Siemens AG	19,182,868	165,440 208,300 313,625 111,405 203,863	United States—18.2% Cisco Systems, Inc. ConocoPhillips Emerson Electric Company Johnson & Johnson Philip Morris International, Inc. Verizon Communications, Inc.	13,035,414 33,429,289 9,291,177 10,191,111
392,200	Italy—1.4 % Eni SpA	9,349,066	261,400	Wells Fargo & Company	13,558,818 119,427,534
664,286	Netherlands—7.9% Akzo Nobel NV Royal Dutch Shell PLC, Class A Unilever NV, CVA		61,603,346	TOTAL COMMON STOCKS (Cost \$434,635,897) REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANY—9 Dreyfus Government Prime Cash Management (Cost \$61,603,346)	0.4%
	Singapore—4.8% DBS Group Holdings Ltd. United Overseas Bank Ltd.		<u>Face Value</u> \$6,000,000	U.S. TREASURY BILL—0.9% 0.061% ^(a) due 12/11/14 (Cost \$5,999,284)	5,999.820
246,000 334,200 92,000	Switzerland—17.3% ABB Ltd. Nestle SA, Registered Novartis AG, Registered Roche Holding AG Zurich Insurance Group AG		(Cost \$5 OTHER A AND LI	NVESTMENTS 98.2% 02,238,527) 98.2% SSETS 1.8	643,666,360 11,645,910 6655,312,270
386,200	Thailand—0.4% Bangkok Bank Public Company Ltd., NVDR			represents annualized yield at date of purchase.	

ADR — American Depositary Receipt
CVA — Certificaaten van aandelen (Share Certificates)
NVDR — Non Voting Depository Receipt

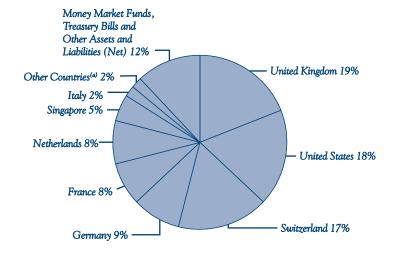
Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund

Sector Diversification

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

Sector Diversification	Percentage of Net Assets
COMMON STOCKS:	
Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology & Life Sciences	16.6%
Banks	15.0
Energy	11.9
Insurance	9.9
Capital Goods	7.2
Food	5.7
Media	4.4
Technology Hardware & Equipment	4.2
Tobacco	4.0
Commercial Services & Supplies	3.0
Beverage	2.3
Telecommunication Services	1.6
Materials	1.1
Diversified Financials	1.0
Total Common Stocks	87.9
Registered Investment Company	9.4
U.S. Treasury Bills	0.9
Other Assets and Liabilities (Net)	1.8
Net Assets	100.0%

Portfolio Composition



⁽a) "Other Countries" include Brazil, Canada and Thailand

TWEEDY, BROWNE FUND INC.

Statements of Assets and Liabilities

	Global Value Fund	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	Value Fund	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund
ASSETS				
Investments, at cost (a)	\$5,982,278,748	\$455,916,807	\$374,985,523	\$502,238,527
Investments in unaffiliated issuers, at value (Note 2) Investments in affiliated issuers, at value (Note 4)	\$8,401,032,956 120,304,778	\$521,680,801 —	\$624,200,245	\$643,666,360
Foreign currency ^(b) Dividends and interest receivable Receivable for investment securities sold	1,021,707 14,640,335	24,091 890,013	106,384 957,716 4,884,655	194,588 1,638,329 10,868,606
Recoverable for investment securities sold	9,735,157	360,845	838,522	782,172
Receivable for Fund shares sold	32,142,583	2,202,181	74,905	1,224,856
(Note 2) Prepaid expense	236,021,173 239,483	13,734	10,529,371 18,370	21,703
Total Assets	\$8,815,138,172	\$525,171,665	\$641,610,168	\$658,396,614
LIABILITIES				
Unrealized depreciation of forward exchange contracts (Note 2)	\$5,373,795	\$ —	\$142,662	\$ —
Payable for Fund shares redeemed Investment advisory fee payable (Note 3) Shareholder servicing and administration fees payable	4,725,032 5,660,775	5,691,149 345,065	183,845 416,344	2,273,041 462,712
(Note 3)	305,535 55,176	16,893	24,561	27,469 65,925
Due to custodian	131 4,244,282	236,783	_	179 100,176
Accrued expenses and other payables	1,638,864	80,536	116,352	154,842
Total Liabilities	22,003,590	6,370,426	883,764	3,084,344
NET ASSETS	\$8,793,134,582	<u>\$518,801,239</u>	<u>\$640,726,404</u>	\$655,312,270
NET ASSETS consist of Undistributed net investment income	\$99,818,496	\$5,162,479	\$7,122,754	\$6,627,164
Accumulated net realized gain (loss) on securities, forward	ψ,,,,,,,,,,,	ψ5,102,117		ψ0,027,101
exchange contracts and foreign currencies Net unrealized appreciation of securities, forward exchange	(36,718,756)	(1,376,355)	25,599,947	35,524,968
contracts, foreign currencies and net other assets	2,768,871,435 5,961,163,407	65,725,675 449,289,440	259,548,201 348,455,502	141,342,779 471,817,359
Total Net Assets	\$8,793,134,582	\$518,801,239	\$640,726,404	\$655,312,270
CAPITAL STOCK (common stock outstanding)	319,155,450	35,176,345	26,619,391	55,123,443
NET ASSET VALUE offering and redemption price per				****
share	\$27.55	<u>\$14.75</u>	<u>\$24.07</u>	<u>\$11.89</u>

⁽a) Includes investments in affiliated issuers for Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund of \$71,225,516, \$0, \$0 and \$0, respectively (Note 4).

⁽b) Foreign currency held at cost for the Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund was \$1,022,523, \$24,057, \$106,618 and \$199,369, respectively.

TWEEDY, BROWNE FUND INC.

Statements of Operations

For the Six Months Ended September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

	Global Value Fund	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	Value Fund	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Dividends (a)	\$140,843,391	\$8,034,799	\$9,042,910	\$15,882,721
Less foreign withholding taxes	(11,738,279)	(611,171)	(618,502)	(1,090,975)
Interest	72,360		4,744	2,033
Total Investment Income	129,177,472	7,423,628	8,429,152	14,793,779
EXPENSES				
Investment advisory fee (Note 3)	53,214,431	3,147,191	4,090,625	4,738,797
Custodian fees (Note 3)	1,222,023	72,831	44,903	101,091
Transfer agent fees (Note 3)	1,201,535	42,387	119,282	78,619
Fund administration and accounting fees (Note 3)	875,915	53,091	68,628	79,294
Legal and audit fees	226,567	14,234	20,363	23,549
(Note 3)	194,385	11,485	14,952	17,328
Directors' fees and expenses (Note 3)	165,008	8,744	12,794	14,499
Other	437,340	52,518	52,042	57,702
Total expenses before waivers	57,537,204	3,402,481	4,423,589	5,110,879
Investment advisory fees recouped (Note 3)	_	45,840	_	_
Net Expenses	57,537,204	3,448,321	4,423,589	5,110,879
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	71,640,268	3,975,307	4,005,563	9,682,900
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVINCTION Net realized gain (loss) on: Securities (a)	35,413,600	(288,616)	8,751,704	29,434,927
Forward exchange contracts (b)	(19,935,760)		(1,048,196)	_
Foreign currencies and net other assets	(286,149)	15,432	9,139	32,294
Net realized gain (loss) on investments during the				
period	15,191,691	(273,184)	7,712,647	29,467,221
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:				
Securities (c)	(204,240,653)	(11,584,783)	(1,584,476)	(38,028,350)
Forward exchange contracts (b)	281,871,461	_	13,873,712	_
Foreign currencies and net other assets	(1,303,392)	(54,426)	(86,923)	(134,746)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of				
investments	76,327,416	(11,639,209)	12,202,313	(38,163,096)
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS	91,519,107	(11,912,393)	19,914,960	(8,695,875)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$163,159,375	\$(7,937,086)	\$23,920,523	\$987,025

⁽a) Dividend income and net realized gain (loss) on securities from affiliated issuers for Global Value Fund were \$2,151,695 and \$10,643,996, respectively (Note 4).

⁽b) Primary risk exposure being hedged is currency risk.

⁽c) Net of accrued foreign capital gain taxes of \$4,244,282, \$236,783, \$0 and \$100,176, respectively.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Global V	alue Fund	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged		
	Six Months Ended 9/30/2014 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/2014	Six Months Ended 9/30/2014 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/2014	
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES: Net investment income	\$71,640,268	\$88,790,624	\$3,975,307	\$4,541,682	
Net realized gain (loss) on securities, forward exchange contracts and currency transactions	15,191,691	35,101,973	(273,184)	2,809,589	
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of securities, forward exchange contracts, foreign currencies and net other assets	76,327,416	672,567,881	(11,639,209)	42,676,912	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	163,159,375	796,460,478	(7,937,086)	50,028,183	
DISTRIBUTIONS: Dividends to shareholders from net investment income	_	(85,327,230)	_	(4,076,438)	
Distributions to shareholders from net realized gain on investments	_	(228,783,634)	_	_	
Total distributions		(314,110,864)		(4,076,438)	
Net increase in net assets from Fund share transactions (Note 5)	652,143,330	1,569,533,715	83,352,484	115,025,254	
Redemption fees	76,764	243,123	3,388	30,741	
Net increase in net assets	815,379,469	2,052,126,452	75,418,786	161,007,740	
NET ASSETS Beginning of period	7,977,755,113	5,925,628,661	443,382,453	282,374,713	
End of period	\$8,793,134,582	\$7,977,755,113	\$518,801,239	\$443,382,453	
Undistributed net investment income at end of period	\$99,818,496	\$28,178,228	\$5,162,479	\$1,187,172	

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Value	Fund	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund		
	Six Months Ended 9/30/2014 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/2014	Six Months Ended 9/30/2014 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/2014	
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES: Net investment income	\$4,005,563	\$7,147,309	\$9,682,900	\$15,118,443	
Net realized gain on securities, forward exchange contracts and currency transactions	7,712,647	44,862,857	29,467,221	17,220,280	
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of securities, forward exchange contracts, foreign currencies and net other assets	12,202,313	30,504,853	(38,163,096)	65,701,226	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	23,920,523	82,515,019	987,025	98,039,949	
DISTRIBUTIONS: Dividends to shareholders from net investment income	_	(5,423,577)	(7,768,894)	(12,983,869)	
Distributions to shareholders from net realized gain on investments	_	(34,555,932)	_	(1,416,927)	
Total distributions		(39,979,509)	(7,768,894)	(14,400,796)	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from Fund share transactions \dots	(21,193,960)	(4,870,810)	(92,691,957)	4,286,083	
Redemption fees			586	9,498	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	2,726,563	37,664,700	(99,473,240)	87,934,734	
NET ASSETS Beginning of period	637,999,841	600,335,141	754,785,510	666,850,776	
End of period	\$640,726,404	\$637,999,841	\$655,312,270	\$754,785,510	
Undistributed net investment income at end of period	\$7,122,754	\$3,117,191	\$6,627,164	\$4,713,158	

Financial Highlights

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund

For a Fund share outstanding throughout each period/year.

Net asset value, beginning of period/year	Six Months Ended 9/30/14 (Unaudited) \$26.98	Year Ended 3/31/14 \$25.11	Year Ended 3/31/13 \$23.79	Year Ended 3/31/12 \$24.16	Year Ended 3/31/11 \$22.13	Year Ended 3/31/10 \$14.15
	Ψ20.70	Ψ23.11	Ψ23.[7	Ψ27.10	ΨΖΖ.13	Ψ17.13
Income from investment operations: Net investment income Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.22 0.35	0.32 2.73	0.35 3.61	0.42 0.19	0.26 2.08	0.33 7.98
Total from investment operations	0.57	3.05	3.96	0.61	2.34	8.31
Distributions: Dividends from net investment income Distributions from net realized gains		(0.32) (0.8 <u>6</u>)	(0.35) (2.29)	(0.42) (0.5 <u>6</u>)	(0.25) (0.06)	(0.33)
Total distributions		(1.18)	(2.64)	(0.98)	(0.31)	(0.33)
Redemption fees ^(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net asset value, end of period/year	\$27.55	\$26.98	\$25.11	\$23.79	\$24.16	\$22.13
Total return ^(b)	2.08%(c)	12.25%(c)	17.48%	2.92%	10.59%	58.85%
Ratios/Supplemental Data:						
Net assets, end of period/year (in 000s)	\$8,793,135	\$7,977,755	\$5,925,629	\$4,759,273	\$4,749,331	\$4,305,821
Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets	1.35% ^(d)	1.37%	1.38%	1.38%	1.39%	1.40%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets Portfolio turnover rate	1.68% ^(d) 2%	1.30% 4%	1.45% 16%	1.80% 9%	1.16% 12%	1.62% 7%

⁽a) Amount represents less than \$0.01 per share.

Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged

For a Fund share outstanding throughout each period/year.

	Six Months Ended 9/30/14 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/14	Year Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 3/31/12	Year Ended 3/31/11	Period Ended 3/31/10 ^(a)
Net asset value, beginning of period/year	\$14.90	\$13.18	\$11.69	\$11.52	\$10.27	\$10.00
Income from investment operations: Net investment income	0.11	0.15	0.23	0.10	0.08	0.00 ^(b)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.26)	1.72	1.49	0.20	1.25	0.27
Total from investment operations	(0.15)	1.87	1.72	0.30	1.33	0.27
Distributions: Dividends from net investment income Distributions from net realized gains Total distributions Redemption fees(b) Net asset value, end of period/year Total return(c)		(0.15) (0.15) 0.00 \$14.90 14.27%(d)	(0.22) (0.01) (0.23) 0.00 \$13.18 14.77%	(0.08) (0.05) (0.13) 0.00 \$11.69 2.68%	(0.07) (0.01) (0.08) 0.00 \$11.52 13.00%	0.00(b) 0.00(b) 0.00 \$10.27 2.74%
Ratios/Supplemental Data: Net assets, end of period/year (in 000s) Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets excluding recoupments and/or waivers of expenses Ratio of net investment income to average net assets Portfolio turnover rate	\$518,801 1.37%(e) 1.35%(e) 1.58%(e) 3%	\$443,382 1.37% 1.37% 1.23% 4%	\$282,375 1.37% 1.39% 1.74% 28%	\$275,337 1.37% 1.40% 1.07% 5%	\$95,155 1.37% 1.58% 0.97% 2%	\$34,575 1.37%(e) 2.56%(e) 0.04%(e) 0%

⁽a) Commenced operations on October 26, 2009.

⁽b) Total return represents aggregate total return for the periods indicated.

⁽c) The net asset value (NAV) disclosed in the March 31, 2014 annual report reflects adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, differs from the NAV reported on March 31, 2014. The total return reported is based on the unadjusted NAV which was the official NAV for executing transactions on March 31, 2014.

⁽d) Annualized

⁽b) Amount represents less than \$0.01 per share.

⁽c) Total return represents aggregate total return for the periods indicated.

⁽d) The net asset value (NAV) disclosed in the March 31, 2014 annual report reflects adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, differs from the NAV reported on March 31, 2014. The total return reported is based on the unadjusted NAV which was the official NAV for executing transactions on March 31, 2014.

⁽e) Annualized.

Financial Highlights

Tweedy, Browne Value Fund

For a Fund share outstanding throughout each period/year.

	Six Months Ended 9/30/14 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/14	Year Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 3/31/12	Year Ended 3/31/11	Year Ended 3/31/10
Net asset value, beginning of period/year	\$23.21	\$21.68	\$19.35	\$19.46	\$19.03	\$12.73
Income from investment operations: Net investment income Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.15 0.71	0.27 2.81	0.20 3.05	0.27 0.31	0.19 1.45	0.24 6.27
Total from investment operations	0.86	3.08	3.25	0.58	1.64	6.51
Distributions: Dividends from net investment income Distributions from net realized gains Total distributions		(0.21) (1.34) (1.55)	(0.20) (0.72) (0.92)	(0.25) (0.44) (0.69)	(0.20) (1.01) (1.21)	(0.21) (0.21)
Net asset value, end of period/year	<u>\$24.07</u>	<u>\$23.21</u>	<u>\$21.68</u>	<u>\$19.35</u>	<u>\$19.46</u>	\$19.03
Total return ^(a)	<u>3.71</u> %	<u>14.38</u> %	<u>17.24</u> %	<u>3.26</u> %	<u>8.77</u> %	<u>51.18</u> %
Ratios/Supplemental Data: Net assets, end of period/year (in 000s) Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets Ratio of net investment income to average net assets Portfolio turnover rate	\$640,726 1.35%(b) 1.22%(b) 4%	\$638,000 1.37% 1.17% 7%	\$600,335 1.39% 1.04% 8%	\$480,060 1.40% 1.42% 10%	\$467,526 1.39% 1.02% 11%	\$403,043 1.42% 1.40% 11%

⁽a) Total return represents aggregate total return for the periods indicated.

Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund

For a Fund share outstanding throughout each period/year.

	Six Months Ended 9/30/14 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 3/31/14	Year Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 3/31/12	Year Ended 3/31/11	Year Ended 3/31/10
Net asset value, beginning of period/year	\$12.01	\$10.67	\$9.75	\$9.52	\$8.62	\$6.09
Income from investment operations: Net investment income	0.17	0.23	0.19	0.20	0.18	0.20
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.16)	1.33	0.19	0.20	0.18	2.53
Total from investment operations	0.01	1.56	1.08	0.41	1.09	2.73
Distributions: Dividends from net investment income Distributions from net realized gains Total distributions Redemption fees ^(a) Net asset value, end of period/year Total return ^(b)	(0.13) (0.13) 0.00 \$11.89 0.01%	(0.20) (0.02) (0.22) (0.22) 0.00 \$12.01 14.81%	(0.16) (0.16) 0.00 \$10.67 11.32%	(0.18) (0.18) 0.00 \$9.75 4.35%	(0.19) (0.19) 0.00 \$9.52 13.03%	(0.20) (0.20) 0.00 \$8.62 45.19%
Ratios/Supplemental Data: Net assets, end of period/year (in 000s) Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets excluding	\$655,312 1.35% ^(c)	\$754,786 1.36%	\$666,851 1.37%	\$537,309 1.37%	\$290,090 1.37%	\$145,094 1.37%
recoupments and/or waivers of expenses Ratio of net investment income to average net assets Portfolio purpover rate	1.35% ^(c) 2.55% ^(c) 4%	1.36% 2.07% 10%	1.37% 1.88% 12%	1.37% 2.11% 6%	1.39% 2.00% 16%	1.46% 2.36% 18%

⁽a) Amount represents less than \$0.01 per share.

⁽b) Annualized

⁽b) Total return represents aggregate total return for the periods indicated.

⁽c) Annualized

1. Organization

Tweedy, Browne Fund Inc. (the "Company") is an openend management investment company registered with the United States ("U.S.") Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Company was organized as a Maryland corporation on January 28, 1993. Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund ("Global Value Fund"), Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged ("Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged"), Tweedy, Browne Value Fund ("Value Fund"), and Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund ("Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund") (each a "Fund" and together, the "Funds") are each a diversified series of the Company.

The Funds commenced operations as follows:

Fund	Commencement of Operations
Global Value Fund	06/15/93
Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	10/26/09
Value Fund	12/08/93
Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund	1 09/05/07

Global Value Fund and Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged seek long-term capital growth by investing primarily in foreign equity securities that Tweedy, Browne Company LLC (the "Investment Adviser") believes are undervalued. Value Fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in U.S. and foreign equity securities that the Investment Adviser believes are undervalued. Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in U.S. and foreign equity securities that the Investment Adviser believes to have above-average dividend yields and valuations that are reasonable.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Funds are investment companies and, accordingly, follow the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946 – *Investment Companies*, which is part of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Funds in the preparation of their financial statements.

Portfolio Valuation Portfolio securities and other assets listed on a U.S. national securities exchange, comparable foreign securities exchange or through any system providing

for contemporaneous publication of actual prices (and not subject to restrictions against sale by the Fund on such exchange or system) are valued at the last quoted sale price at or prior to the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange or, if applicable, the NASDAQ Official Closing Price ("NOCP"). Portfolio securities and other assets that are readily marketable but for which there are no reported sales on the valuation date, whether because they are not traded in a system providing for same day publication of sales or because there were no sales reported on such date, are generally valued at the mean between the last asked price and the last bid price prior to the close of regular trading. Forward exchange contracts are valued at the forward rate. Securities and other assets for which current market quotations are not readily available, and those securities which are generally not readily marketable due to significant legal or contractual restrictions, will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Investment Adviser under the direction of the Funds' Board of Directors. Securities and other assets for which the most recent market quotations may not be reliable (including because the last sale price does not reflect current market value at the time of valuing the Funds' asset due to developments since such last price) may be valued at fair value if the Investment Adviser concludes that fair valuation will likely result in a more accurate net asset valuation. The Funds' use of fair value pricing may cause the net asset value of the Funds' shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using market quotations. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. Debt securities purchased with a remaining maturity of more than 60 days are valued through pricing obtained by pricing services approved by the Funds' Board of Directors. Debt securities purchased with a remaining maturity of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value, or by reference to other factors (i.e., pricing services or dealer quotations) by the Investment Adviser.

Fair Value Measurements The inputs and valuation techniques used to determine fair value of the Funds' investments are summarized into three levels as described in the hierarchy below:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Funds' own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. Transfers in and out of the levels are recognized utilizing values at the end of the period. The

following is a summary of the inputs used to value the Funds' assets carried at fair value as of September 30, 2014. See each Fund's respective Portfolio of Investments for details on portfolio holdings.

	Global Value Fund				
	Total Value at September 30, 2014	Level 1 Quoted Price	Level 2 Other Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	
nvestments in Securities:					
Common Stocks Switzerland All Other Countries	\$1,202,981,585	\$1,202,496,813 5,638,575,410	\$ —	\$484,772	
Preferred Stocks Registered Investment Company	21,129,224	21,129,224 933,687,665		_	
U.S. Treasury Bills	724,963,850	_	724,963,850	_	
Total Investments in Securities	8,521,337,734	7,795,889,112	724,963,850	484,772	
Unrealized appreciation of forward exchange contracts Liability	236,021,173	_	236,021,173	_	
Unrealized depreciation of forward exchange contracts	(5,373,795)		(5,373,795)	_	
Total	\$8,751,985,112	\$7,795,889,112	\$955,611,228	\$484,772	
	G	lobal Value Fund II	- Currency Unhedge	ed	
	Total Value at September 30, 2014	Level 1 Quoted Price	Level 2 Other Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	

	Value Fund					
	Total Value at September 30, 2014	Level 1 Quoted Price	Level 2 Other Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs		
Investments in Securities: Common Stocks Registered Investment Company U.S. Treasury Bill	56,812,930	\$ 553,387,735 56,812,930 —	\$ <u>—</u> 13,999,580	\$ <u> </u>		
Total Investments in Securities	624,200,245	610,200,665	13,999,580	_		
Unrealized appreciation of forward exchange contracts Liability	10,529,371	_	10,529,371	_		
Unrealized depreciation of forward exchange contracts	(142,662)		(142,662)	_		
Total	\$ 634,586,954	\$ 610,200,665	\$ 24,386,289	\$		

\$ 521,680,801

\$ 521,680,801

	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund				
	Total Value at September 30, 2014	Level 1 Quoted Price	Level 2 Other Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	
Investments in Securities:					
Common Stocks	\$ 576,063,194	\$ 576,063,194	\$ —	\$ —	
Registered Investment Company	61,603,346	61,603,346	_	_	
U.S. Treasury Bill		_	5,999,820	_	
Total	\$ 643,666,360	\$ 637,666,540	\$ 5,999,820	\$ —	

The following is a reconciliation of Global Value Fund's Level 3 investment. The Level 3 security listed below was fair valued pursuant to the Fund's fair value procedures. It is a low volume security and its market price was determined based on a review of various market quotes. Transfers in and out of Level 3 are recognized at the end of the reporting period.

	Equity Securities
Balance as of March 31, 2014	\$ — 484,772 —
Balance as of September 30, 2014	\$484,772

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 are recognized at the end of the reporting period. As of September 30, 2014, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

Foreign Currency The books and records of the Funds are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currencies, investments and other assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period, and purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses are translated on the respective dates of such transactions. Unrealized gains and losses from investments in securities, which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, have been included in net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) of securities. All other unrealized gains and losses, which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, have been included in net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) of foreign currencies and net other assets. Net realized foreign currency gains and losses resulting from changes in exchange rates include foreign currency gains and losses between trade date and settlement date on investments, securities transactions, foreign currency transactions and the difference between the amounts of interest and dividends recorded on the books of the Funds and the amount actually received. The portion of foreign currency gains and losses related to fluctuation in the exchange rates between the initial purchase trade date and subsequent sale trade date is included in realized gains and losses on investment securities sold.

Forward Exchange Contracts Global Value Fund and Value Fund are subject to foreign currency exchange risk in the normal course of pursuing their investment objectives and

may enter into forward exchange contracts for non-trading purposes in order to reduce their exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange on their portfolio holdings. Forward exchange contracts are valued at the forward rate and are marked-to-market daily. The change in market value is recorded by each of the Funds as an unrealized gain or loss on the Fund's Statement of Operations. When the contract is closed, each Fund records a realized gain or loss on the Statement of Operations equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time that it was opened and the value of the contract at the time that it was closed. The difference between the value of open contracts at September 30, 2014 and the value of the contracts at the time they were opened is included on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities under unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) of forward exchange contracts.

The use of forward exchange contracts does not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the Funds' investment securities, but it does establish a rate of exchange that can be achieved in the future. Although forward exchange contracts limit the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, they also limit any potential gain that might result should the value of the currency increase. In addition, the Funds could be exposed to risks if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of their contracts.

Securities Transactions and Investment Income Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from securities transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis. Dividend income and distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. In the case of certain foreign securities, dividend income is recorded as soon after the ex-date as the Funds become aware of such dividend. Interest income and expenses are recorded on an accrual basis.

Foreign Taxes The Funds may be subject to foreign taxes on dividend and interest income, gains on investments or currency purchase/repatriation, a portion of which may be recoverable. The Funds' custodian applies for refunds on behalf of each Fund where available. The Funds will accrue such taxes and recoveries as applicable, based on their current interpretation of tax rules and regulations that exist in the markets in which they invest.

Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders Dividends from net investment income, if any, will be declared and paid annually for Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II -Currency Unhedged, and Value Fund and semi-annually for Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund. Distributions from realized capital gains after utilization of capital loss carryforwards, if any, will be declared and paid annually for each of the Funds. Additional distributions of net investment income and capital gains from the Funds may be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors in order to avoid the application of a 4% non-deductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed amounts of ordinary income and capital gains. Income dividends and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with income tax regulations which may differ from U.S. GAAP. These differences are primarily due to differing treatments of income and gains on various investment securities held by the Funds, timing differences and differing characterization of distributions made by the Funds.

Federal Income Taxes Each Fund has qualified and intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by complying with the requirements of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), applicable to regulated investment companies and by distributing substantially all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.

The Funds are not aware of any events that are reasonably possible to occur in the next twelve months that would result in the amounts of any unrecognized tax benefits significantly increasing or decreasing for the Funds. However, the Funds' conclusions may be subject to future review based on changes in accounting standards or tax laws and regulations or the interpretation thereof. In addition, utilization of any capital loss carryforwards could be subject to limitations imposed by the Code related to share ownership changes. Each of the Funds' tax positions for the tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, state departments of revenue and by foreign tax authorities.

Expenses Expenses directly attributable to each Fund as a diversified series of the Company are charged to such Fund. Other expenses of the Company are allocated to each series based on the average net assets of each series or other equitable allocation method.

3. Investment Advisory Fee, Other Related Party Transactions and Administration Fee

The Company, on behalf of each Fund, has entered into separate investment advisory agreements with the Investment Adviser (each, an "Advisory Agreement"). Under each Advisory Agreement, the Company pays the Investment Adviser a fee at the annual rate of 1.25% of the value of each Fund's average daily net assets. The fee is payable monthly, provided that each Fund will make such interim payments as may be requested by the Investment Adviser not to exceed

75% of the amount of the fee then accrued on the books of the Fund and unpaid. For the six months ended September 30, 2014, the Investment Adviser received \$53,214,431, \$3,147,191, \$4,090,625 and \$4,738,797 in fees from Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, respectively.

The Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to waive its investment advisory fee and/or to reimburse expenses of Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged to the extent necessary to maintain the total annual fund operating expenses (excluding fees and expenses from investments in other investment companies, brokerage costs, interest, taxes and extraordinary expenses) at no more than 1.37% of the Fund's average daily net assets. This arrangement will continue through December 31, 2014. In this arrangement, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged has agreed, during the two-year period following any waiver or reimbursement by the Investment Adviser, to repay such amount to the extent that, after giving effect to such repayment, the Fund's adjusted total annual fund operating expenses would not exceed 1.37% of the Fund's average daily net assets on an annualized basis. During the six months ended September 30, 2014, the Investment Adviser recouped \$45,840 from Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged. At September 30, 2014, the amount of potential recovery expiring March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 on Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged was \$17,071 and \$15,433, respectively.

The Investment Adviser is reimbursed by the Funds for the cost of settling transactions in U.S. securities for the Funds through its clearing broker. For the six months ended September 30, 2014, Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund reimbursed the Investment Adviser \$240, \$30, \$285 and \$195, respectively, for such transaction costs. Effective the close of business on September 30, 2014, the Investment Adviser ceased to operate as a broker-dealer.

As of September 30, 2014, the current and retired managing directors and their families, as well as employees of the Investment Adviser, have approximately \$123.3 million, \$5.3 million, \$73.1 million and \$7.2 million of their own money invested in Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, respectively.

The Company pays the Investment Adviser for certain shareholder servicing and administration services provided to the Funds at an annual amount of \$475,000, which is allocated pro-rata based on the relative average net assets of the Funds.

No officer, director or employee of the Investment Adviser, BNY Mellon or any parent or subsidiary of those corporations receives any compensation from the Company for serving as a director or officer of the Company. The Company pays each Independent Director \$100,000 annually,

in quarterly increments of \$25,000, plus out-of-pocket expenses for their services as directors. The Lead Independent Director receives an additional annual fee of \$20,000. These fees are allocated pro-rata based on the relative average net assets of the Funds.

The Company, on behalf of the Funds, has entered into an administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. ("BNY Mellon"), an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation. Under the Administration Agreement, the Company pays BNY Mellon an administration fee and a fund accounting fee computed daily and payable monthly at the following annual rates of the aggregate average daily net assets of the Funds, allocated according to each Fund's net assets:

	Up to \$1 Billion	Between \$1 Billion and \$5 Billion	Between \$5 Billion and \$10 Billion	Exceeding \$10 Billion
Administration Fees	0.0300%	0.0180%	0.0100%	0.0090%
Accounting Fees	0.0075%	0.0060%	0.0050%	0.0040%

Bank of New York Mellon Asset Servicing, an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, serves as the Funds' custodian pursuant to a custody agreement (the "Custody Agreement"). BNY Mellon also serves as the Funds' transfer agent. The Investment Adviser served as the distributor to the Funds through September 30, 2014. Effective October 1, 2014, AMG Distributors, Inc., an affiliate of the Investment Adviser, assumed the role of distributor to the Funds. The Investment Adviser pays all distribution-related expenses. No distribution fees are paid by the Funds.

At September 30, 2014, one shareholder owned 7.9% of Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged's outstanding shares; one shareholder owned 9.9% of Value Fund's outstanding shares; and one shareholder owned 8.0% of Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund's outstanding shares. Investment activities of these shareholders could have an impact on each respective Fund.

4. Securities Transactions

The 1940 Act defines "affiliated companies" to include securities in which a fund owns 5% or more of the outstanding voting shares of an issuer. The following chart lists those issuers owned by Global Value Fund that may be deemed "affiliated companies," as well as transactions that occurred in the securities of such issuers during the six months ended September 30, 2014:

Shares Held at 3/31/14	Name of Issuer	Value at 3/31/14	Purchase Cost	Sales Proceeds	Value at 9/30/14	Shares Held at 9/30/14	Dividend Income 4/1/14 to 9/30/14	Net Realized Gain (Loss) 4/1/14 to 9/30/14
218,165	Coltene Holding AG	\$ 13,386,023	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 13,357,041	218,165	\$ 473,556	\$ —
53,473	Phoenix Mecano AG	33,747,889	8,004,310	_	32,542,041	68,640	759,475	_
185,918	PubliGroupe SA, Registered	22,057,176	_	39,699,281	_	_	359,446	10,643,996
248,117	Siegfried Holding AG	46,907,272	_	_	36,847,517	248,117	_	_
4,795,392	SOL SpA	41,373,772	_	_	37,558,179	4,795,392	559,218	
		\$157,472,132	\$8,004,310	\$39,699,281	\$120,304,778		\$2,151,695	\$10,643,996

The cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investment securities, excluding short-term investments, for the six months ended September 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Global Value Fund	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	Value Fund	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund
Purchases	\$756,545,425	\$60,837,373	\$21,044,505	\$28,340,909
Sales	\$122,527,337	\$9,578,373	\$26,101,769	\$101,558,609

5. Capital Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 2.0 billion shares of \$0.0001 par value capital stock, of which 600,000,000, 600,000,000, 400,000,000 and 400,000,000 shares have been designated as shares of Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged, Value Fund and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, respectively. Redemptions

from the Global Value Fund, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, including exchange redemptions, within 60 days of purchase are subject to a redemption fee equal to 2% of the redemption proceeds, which is retained by each Fund.

Effective the close of business on August 11, 2014, Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged closed to most new investors but remains open to existing shareholders.

Changes in shares outstanding for the six months ended September 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Global Value Fund		
	Shares	Amount	
Sold Redeemed	35,684,625 (12,168,077)	\$988,122,413 (335,979,083)	
Net Increase	23,516,548 \$652,143,330		

	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged			
	Shares	Amount		
Sold	7,691,500	\$117,388,564		
Redeemed	(2,262,851)	(34,036,080)		
Net Increase	5,428,649	\$83,352,484		

	Value Fund		
	Shares	Amount	
Sold Redeemed	529,732 (1,401,756)	\$12,710,316 (33,904,276)	
Net Decrease	(872,024)	\$(21,193,960)	

	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund		
	Shares	Amount	
Sold	1,731,378	\$21,222,611	
Reinvested	603,192	7,467,520	
Redeemed	(10,055,521)	(121,382,088)	
Net Decrease	(7,720,951)	\$(92,691,957)	

Changes in shares outstanding for the year ended March 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Global Value Fund			
	Shares	Amount		
Sold	77,822,714	\$2,044,811,056		
Reinvested	10,839,090	287,994,623		
Redeemed	(29,018,189)	(763,271,964)		
Net Increase	59,643,615 \$1,569,533,715			

	Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged		
	Shares	Amount	
Sold	12,492,183	\$174,037,237	
Reinvested	207,385	3,058,929	
Redeemed	(4,375,675)	(62,070,912)	
Net Increase	8,323,893 \$115,025,254		

	Value	Fund
	Shares	Amount
Sold	1,762,835	\$39,725,631
Reinvested	1,675,072	37,906,876
Redeemed	(3,643,255)	(82,503,317)
Net Decrease	(205,348)	\$(4,870,810)

	Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund		
	Shares	Amount	
Sold	11,571,253	\$129,571,582	
Reinvested	1,256,200 13,916,444		
Redeemed	(12,475,762)	(139,201,943)	
Net Increase	351,691	\$4,286,083	

6. Income Tax Information

As of March 31, 2014, Global Value Fund had a short-term and a long-term capital loss carryforward of \$50,931,371 and \$32,646,126, respectively, and Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged had a short-term capital loss carryforward of \$1,103,159, which under current federal

income tax rules may be available to reduce future net realized gains on investments in any future period to the extent permitted by the Code. Utilization of these capital loss carryforwards could be subject to limitations imposed by the Code related to share ownership changes.

Net capital and foreign currency losses incurred after October 31 and certain ordinary losses incurred after December 31 may be deferred and treated as occurring on the first day of the following fiscal year. For the year ended March 31, 2014, the Funds deferred to April 1, 2014 late year capital and ordinary losses of:

Fund	Late Year Capital Losses	Late Year Ordinary Losses
Global Value Fund	\$22,373,902	\$ —
Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	_	_
Value Fund	_	_
Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund	_	_

As of September 30, 2014, the aggregate cost for federal tax purposes was as follows:

Global Value Fund	\$5,982,278,748
Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged	\$455,916,807
Value Fund	\$374,985,523
Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund	\$502,238,527

The aggregate gross unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation) and net unrealized appreciation as computed on a federal income tax basis at September 30, 2014 for each Fund is as follows:

	Gross Appreciation	Gross Depreciation	Net Appreciation
Global Value Fund	\$2,637,130,716	\$(98,071,730)	\$2,539,058,986
Global Value Fund II – Curren Unhedged	cy \$73,407,775	\$(7,643,781)	\$65,763,994
Value Fund	\$252,708,361	\$(3,493,639)	\$249,214,722
Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund	\$145,217,444	\$(3,789,611)	\$141,427,833

7. Foreign Securities

Investing in securities of foreign companies and foreign governments involves economic and political risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies and the U.S. Government. These considerations include changes in exchange rates and exchange rate controls (which may include suspension of the ability to transfer currency from a given country), costs incurred in conversions between currencies, non-negotiable brokerage commissions, less publicly available information, not generally being subject to uniform standards, practices and requirements with respect to accounting, auditing and financial reporting, lower trading volume, delayed settlements and greater market volatility, the difficulty of enforcing obligations in other countries, less

securities regulation, different tax provisions (including withholding on dividends paid to a Fund), war, seizure, political and social instability and diplomatic developments.

8. Derivative Instruments

During the six months ended September 30, 2014, Global Value Fund and Value Fund had derivative exposure to forward foreign currency exchange contracts. Global Value II – Currency Unhedged and Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund had no exposure to derivatives. The following tables present the value of derivatives held at September 30, 2014 and the effect of derivatives held by primary exposure during the six months ended September 30, 2014. For open contracts at September 30, 2014, see the Portfolio of Investments, which is also indicative of the average activity for the six months ended September 30, 2014.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Derivative	Assets Location	Global Value Fund	Value Fund
Forward	Unrealized appreciation of forward exchange	¢224 021 172	¢10.520.271
exchange contracts	contracts	\$236,021,173	\$10,529,371
Derivative	Liabilities Location	Global Value Fund	Value Fund
Forward	Unrealized depreciation of forward exchange		
	iorward exchange		

Statement of Operations

	Global Value Fund	Value Fund
Net realized gain (loss) on	\$(19,935,760)	\$(1,048,196)
	Global Value Fund	Value Fund
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of	\$281,871,461	\$13,873,712
	gain (loss) on Net unrealized appreciation	Net realized gain (loss) on \$(19,935,760) Global Value Fund Net unrealized appreciation

For financial reporting purposes, the Funds do not offset assets and liabilities across derivative types that are subject to master netting arrangements on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

The following table presents derivative assets net of amounts available for offset under a master netting agreement as of September 30, 2014:

Derivative	Derivative Assets – Gross ^(a)	Derivatives Available for Offset	Derivative Assets – Net(b)
Global Value Fund Forward			
exchange contracts	\$236,021,173	\$5,373,795	\$230,647,378
Value Fund Forward			
exchange contracts	\$10,529,371	\$142,662	\$10,386,709

The following table presents derivative liabilities net of amounts available for offset under a master netting agreement as of September 30, 2014:

Derivative	Derivative Liabilities – Gross ^(a)	Derivatives Available for Offset	Derivative Liabilities – Net ^(c)
Global Value Fund Forward exchange contracts	\$5,373,795	\$5,373,795	\$
Value Fund Forward	φ2,212,193	φ <i>3,3 (3,193</i>	
exchange contracts	\$142,662	\$142,662	\$ —

- (a) As presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.
- (b) Net amount represents the net receivable due from counterparty in the event of default.
- (c) Net amount represents the net payable due to counterparty in the event of default.

9. Litigation

Certain holders of notes issued by Tribune Company initiated litigation against Value Fund and thousands of other public shareholders, seeking to recover payments made to Tribune Company shareholders in connection with the 2007 leveraged buyout of Tribune Company. Value Fund tendered its shares in a tender offer from Tribune Company and received proceeds of approximately \$3.4 million. The plaintiffs allege that the shareholder payments were made in violation of various laws prohibiting constructive and/or actual fraudulent transfers. The complaints allege no misconduct by Value Fund or any member of the putative defendant class. The outcome of the proceedings cannot be predicted at this time and no contingency has been recorded on the books of Value Fund.

1. Portfolio Information

The Company files the Funds' complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Company's Form N-Q is available (1) on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov; (2) for review and copying at the SEC's Public Reference Room ("PRR") in Washington, DC; or (3) by calling the Fund at 800-432-4789. Information regarding the operation of the PRR may be obtained by calling 202-551-8090.

2. Proxy Voting Information

The policies and procedures that the Company uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities held by the Funds are included in the Company's Statement of Additional Information, which is available without charge and upon request by calling the Funds at 800-432-4789 or by visiting the Funds' website at www.tweedy.com. Information regarding how the Funds voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30 is available, without charge, at http://www.sec.gov.

3. Advisory Agreement

Approval of the Renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreements for the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund, Tweedy, Browne Value Fund, Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund and Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II – Currency Unhedged

On May 14, 2014, the Tweedy, Browne Fund Inc.'s (the "Company") Board of Directors (the "Board"), including a majority of the Independent Directors, approved the renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreements (the "Advisory Agreements") between Tweedy, Browne Company LLC ("Tweedy, Browne") and the Company on behalf of the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund (the "Global Value Fund"), the Tweedy, Browne Value Fund (the "Value Fund"), the Tweedy, Browne Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund (the "Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund"), and the Tweedy, Browne Global Value Fund II - Currency Unhedged (the "Global Value Fund II") (each, a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds") for an additional one-year term. In considering whether to approve the continuation of the Advisory Agreements, the Board reviewed materials provided for its evaluation, and the Independent Directors were advised by independent legal counsel with respect to these and other relevant matters. The information, material factors, and conclusions that formed the basis for the Board's approvals are described below.

A. Information Received

During the course of each year, the Board receives a wide variety of materials relating to the services provided by Tweedy, Browne. In considering whether to approve the renewal of the Advisory Agreements, the Board reviewed reports on each Fund's investment results, portfolio

composition, and portfolio trading practices, as well as other information relating to the nature, extent and quality of services provided by Tweedy, Browne to the Funds. In addition, the Board reviewed supplementary information, including (without limitation) comparative industry data with regard to performance, fees and expense ratios; financial and profitability information regarding Tweedy, Browne; the Form ADV of Tweedy, Browne; sample reports demonstrating Tweedy, Browne's research process; fact sheets and performance histories for each of the Funds since inception; information for several of Tweedy, Browne's managed account performance composites; fee schedules; information regarding fees paid to intermediaries; information about the key personnel of Tweedy, Browne; and information concerning Tweedy, Browne's brokerage services and best execution policy.

In addition to reviewing and evaluating the list of materials described above, the Independent Directors also received assistance and advice regarding legal and industry standards from independent counsel to the Independent Directors. In deciding to recommend the renewal of the Advisory Agreements, the Board did not identify any single factor or particular piece of information that, in isolation, was controlling. This summary describes the most important, but not all, of the factors considered by the Board.

B. Nature, Extent and Quality of Services

The Board reviewed materials concerning the depth and quality of Tweedy, Browne's research and investment management process. The Board considered a variety of services provided by Tweedy, Browne to the Funds over the past year, including: providing "behind the scenes" services, such as those provided by Tweedy, Browne's order desk, which seeks best execution for Fund portfolio transactions; monitoring the Funds' service providers; monitoring information with respect to corporate reorganizations involving the Funds' portfolio holdings; preparing the Funds' semi-annual and annual reports to shareholders and the accompanying adviser's letters; monitoring certain aspects of transfer agency services on a daily basis; assisting brokers, consultants, financial advisors, intermediaries and third party administrators with questions or problems of an operational nature; developing and enforcing procedures to monitor trading activity in the Funds; monitoring market-timing, including monitoring the collection of redemption fees for the Global Value Fund, Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, and Global Value Fund II; arranging for proxy voting of portfolio securities; hiring an accounting firm to assist with certain reviews; monitoring the Funds' portfolios (with the assistance of the Funds' accounting agent) for events that might require the use of fair value pricing; and preparing various regulatory filings for the Funds. The Board considered Tweedy, Browne's involvement in reviewing all outstanding tax reclamations on a monthly basis, the result of which has been a reduction in outstanding receivables. The Board noted

actions that have been or will be taken in the future by Tweedy, Browne to comply with various regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, requirements with respect to the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, "pay to play" rules for investment advisers, and shareholder cost basis reporting. The Board also considered that Tweedy, Browne had added additional staff in direct response to the increased accounting oversight responsibility resulting from regulatory changes implemented over the last several years.

In addition, the Board noted that Tweedy, Browne provides a variety of administrative services not otherwise provided by third party service providers, including: preparing Board reports; overseeing the preparation and submission of regulatory filings; overseeing and assisting in the annual audit of the Funds' financial statements; maintaining the Funds' website; assisting with the preparation and filing of the Funds' tax returns; monitoring the registration of shares of the Funds under applicable federal and state securities laws; assisting in the resolution of accounting and legal issues; establishing and monitoring the Funds' operating budgets; approving, auditing and processing the payment of the Funds' bills; assisting the Funds in reviewing and arranging for the payment of distributions and dividends; and generally assisting the Funds in the conduct of their business.

The Board then noted that Tweedy, Browne also served as the Funds' distributor and that it acted as the Funds' introducing broker for transactions in U.S. equity securities, for which it is reimbursed by the Funds only for settlement costs. The Board noted that Tweedy, Browne does not charge the Funds any separate brokerage commissions for such services. The Board also considered Tweedy, Browne's commitment to staff development and long-term and contingency planning with regard to its advisory business. The Board noted that Tweedy, Browne maintained a generally consistent management approach that was facilitated by the very low personnel turnover at the firm.

The Board noted that, since the last renewal of the Advisory Agreements, Tweedy, Browne set limits on the amount of investment that each Fund can take from a single investor during any particular trading day so that no single investor can potentially increase a Fund's cash position by a significant margin. The Board noted Tweedy, Browne's statement in the narrative discussion that it has been willing to forgo immediate economic gain to its business in an effort to produce the best long-term outcome for its clients and its business.

In considering Tweedy, Browne's services in managing the Funds' portfolios and in overseeing all areas of the Funds' business, the Board concluded that Tweedy, Browne was providing essential services to the Funds, and that it is likely that Tweedy, Browne will continue to be in a position to do so for the long-term. Ultimately, the Board concluded that

the nature, extent and quality of the services provided by Tweedy, Browne have benefited and likely will continue to benefit the Funds and their shareholders.

C. Investment Performance

The Board considered the short-term and long-term investment performance of each Fund, both in absolute terms and relative to the performance of competitors pursuing comparable investment objectives as well as to the various benchmarks against which the Funds were compared. In considering the Global Value Fund's performance, the Board noted Tweedy, Browne's analysis that the Fund had exhibited excellent absolute and relative performance since its inception and that the Fund's annualized rate of return of 10.31% (net of all fees and expenses) from inception through March 31, 2014 exceeded the returns of the MSCI Europe, Australasia and Far East Index ("MSCI EAFE Index") in both U.S. dollars and hedged currency for the same period. The Board also noted that the Fund had outperformed the MSCI EAFE (Hedged to U.S. \$) Index as of March 31, 2014 for the 3-year, 5-year, 10-year, 15-year, 20-year and since inception periods. The Board considered Tweedy, Browne's analysis that, over the long term, the Global Value Fund's performance had enjoyed favorable performance when compared to other funds in its peer group.

The Board noted that, through February 28, 2014, the Global Value Fund had outperformed both the Morningstar Foreign Stock Funds average and the MSCI EAFE Index (both hedged and unhedged) over the past 3-year, 5-year, 10year, 15-year, 20-year and since-inception periods. In addition, the Board noted that the Global Value Fund consistently ranks near the top in terms of low risk in Morningstar's Risk Ratings. It was noted that for the past 3year, 5-year and 10-year periods the Global Value Fund has been categorized as "low risk" by Morningstar's Risk Ratings, which means it is in the top 10% of funds within its category with respect to lowest measured risk. The Board discussed the fact that the Funds' management team was nominated and considered for the Morningstar "International Manager of the Year" award in 2008 and was named Morningstar's "International Manager of the Year" in 2011 and The Street's "Best Funds 2012" award winner in the category of International Core Stock for its management of the Global Value Fund.

The Board then considered the Value Fund's performance, noting Tweedy, Browne's analysis that the Value Fund had enjoyed good relative performance in most measurement periods in comparison to its relevant benchmark indices and has held up well in down market environments. In particular, the Board noted that as of March 31, 2014, the Value Fund's annualized total returns outperformed a combined index of the S&P 500/MSCI World Index (Hedged to U.S. \$) over the past 3-year, 5-year,

10-year, 15-year, 20-year and since inception periods. The Board noted that the Value Fund is now categorized as a World Stock Fund within the Morningstar universe, reflecting the fact that the Value Fund is now truly global and can invest without limitation outside the United States. The Board also noted that the Value Fund has been characterized as "low risk" for the last 3-year, 5-year and 10-year periods by Morningstar's Risk Ratings. The Board considered that the Value Fund was a finalist in the Global Equity category for Standard & Poor's ("S&P") Mutual Fund Excellence Awards in 2010, which recognizes funds that have achieved the highest overall ranking on the most consistent basis during the previous year.

The Board examined the performance of the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, noting that the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund commenced operations on September 5, 2007. The Board noted that, since the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund's inception date through March 31, 2014, the Fund had gained 37.91% compared to a gain of 23.98% for the MSCI World Index (in U.S. \$). The Board considered the fact that for the calendar year 2008, the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund ranked first in Lipper's Global Large Cap Value Category. The Board also considered the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund's performance of 18.77% in calendar year 2013, noting that it had underperformed its benchmark, the MSCI World Index (in U.S. \$), which had returned 26.68% for the same period. The Board then considered the long term performance history of Tweedy, Browne's Global High Dividend Strategy, which has been implemented by Tweedy, Browne since 1979 and on which the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund's investment strategy is based. Since its inception on January 1, 1979 through March 31, 2014, the Global High Dividend Strategy has produced compounded returns at an annualized rate of return of 13% (net of actual and hypothetical fees), outpacing the S&P 500 Index and the MSCI World Index (in U.S. \$), on an annualized basis over the same period, by 1.25% and 3.12%, respectively.

The Board then examined the performance of the Global Value Fund II, noting that the Fund commenced operations on October 26, 2009. The Board noted that the Global Value Fund II has performed well since its inception, gaining 56.35% compared to 38.06% for the MSCI EAFE Index (in U.S. \$) for the period. The Board considered the performance of the Global Value Fund, as described above, which is managed using the same philosophy and approach as the Global Value Fund II, and the performance of Tweedy, Browne's unhedged international separate accounts, which provide substantive information about the ability and quality of Tweedy, Browne's management team. The Board considered that Tweedy, Browne's International Equity Composite (in U.S. \$), which has returns that are similar to those of the Global Value Fund, has outperformed the MSCI

EAFE Index (in U.S. \$) for the last 3-year, 10-year, 15-year and since inception periods ended March 31, 2014.

The Board considered that a composite of Tweedy, Browne's unhedged international separate accounts has exhibited good absolute and relative performance since inception in July 1995. The composite's annualized rate of return of 10.5% (after assumed fees and expenses) through March 31, 2014 significantly exceeded relevant indices in both U.S. dollars and hedged currency. The Board specifically noted the Funds' consistently strong performance over rolling five-year periods and ten-year periods (for those Funds with ten-year track records) and the Funds' consistent outperformance (as compared to their benchmark indices) in down markets.

After reviewing each Fund's performance relative to its competitors pursuing comparable investment objectives or employing a comparable investment strategy and to its benchmark indices over various periods of time, the Board concluded that it was satisfied with each Fund's performance and further concluded that Tweedy, Browne's performance record in managing the Funds warranted the continuation of the Advisory Agreements.

D. Advisory Fees and Total Expenses

The Board reviewed the advisory fees and total expenses of the Funds, noting that each Fund pays an advisory fee of 1.25% of assets under management. The Board compared such amounts with the average fee and expense levels of funds pursuing comparable investment objectives. After reviewing the Fund-specific fee and expense data, the Board considered the "hidden costs" of mutual funds associated with frequent trading and related tax consequences. The Board considered that, compared against published studies of the mutual fund industry, the Funds have low hidden costs associated with frequent trading and tax liabilities.

In considering comparative fee data, the Board reviewed the expense ratios for each Fund alongside those of its direct competitors and of its relevant Morningstar category averages. The Board noted that, although the Funds' advisory fees are higher than certain peer funds, the Funds' expense ratios overall were in line with peer funds. The Board noted that the expense ratio of the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund was lower than the average of such Fund's respective Morningstar category. The Board considered that the total expense ratios of the Global Value Fund and the Value Fund, respectively, had declined since each Fund's inception. The Board noted that with respect to the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund and Global Value Fund II certain expenses of each Fund had been partially reimbursed by Tweedy, Browne for certain periods since each Fund's respective inception in order to assist the Funds in attracting assets. This has resulted in keeping each Fund's net expenses in line with or below the expense ratio of the Global Value

Fund. The Board also compared the advisory fees paid by the Funds against Tweedy, Browne's standard fee rate for separate account portfolios. The Board noted that the Funds' advisory fee of 1.25% is less than Tweedy, Browne's standard fee rate for most separate account portfolios, including Tweedy, Browne's traditional and global high dividend strategy separate account portfolios. The Board also compared the Funds' expense ratios to funds that do not charge Rule 12b-1 fees in excess of 0.25% of assets under management.

After reviewing this fee and expense data, together with the Board's observation that Tweedy, Browne provided a high level of integrity and service to the Funds' shareholders, the Board determined that the fees charged under each Advisory Agreement are fair and reasonable.

E. Adviser Costs, Level of Profits and Economies of Scale

The Board reviewed information regarding Tweedy. Browne's costs of providing services to the Funds, as well as the resulting level of profits to Tweedy, Browne. In so doing, the Board reviewed materials relating to Tweedy, Browne's financial condition and reviewed the wide variety of services and intensive research performed for the Funds. The Board noted that Tweedy, Browne has four employees who devote a majority of their time to the Funds and two employees who split their time between the Funds and Tweedy, Browne. The Board also considered that, pursuant to a Service Agreement approved annually by the Board, the Funds reimburse Tweedy, Browne for certain compliance, financial and shareholder servicing functions performed by three of these employees who are not officers or directors of the Company. The Board reviewed the profitability data provided by Tweedy, Browne with respect to Tweedy, Browne's relationship with the Company as a whole and with each Fund separately.

The Board then considered Tweedy, Browne's research process and, in particular, Tweedy, Browne's research with respect to non-U.S. securities. The Board noted that a consequence of Tweedy, Browne's investment discipline for the Global Value Fund, Value Fund and Global Value Fund II, which focus on smaller and medium market capitalization issues, is that its cost of research per dollar is likely to be higher than would be the case for an investment adviser that invests in concentrated positions and/or only in larger market

capitalization companies. The Board concluded that this process is likely not conducive to economies of scale that could potentially be realizable in the management of large pools of capital invested in large market capitalization stocks. With respect to the Worldwide High Dividend Yield Value Fund, which has a higher proportion of large market capitalization holdings, the Board noted that Tweedy, Browne must still perform extensive research regarding companies that pay above-average dividends and that satisfy a different level of undervaluation than that required by the other Funds. The Board determined that such a research strategy would therefore not be less intensive or less expensive than that employed by the other Funds. After discussion, the Independent Directors concluded that Tweedy, Browne's profitability from its client relationships, including its relationships with the Funds, is reasonable.

F. Ancillary Benefits

The Board considered a variety of other benefits received by Tweedy, Browne as a result of its relationships with the Funds, including benefits derived by Tweedy, Browne from "soft dollar" arrangements with broker-dealers. The Board considered materials concerning Tweedy, Browne's brokerage allocation policies. The Board also reviewed Tweedy, Browne's policies and procedures prohibiting the use of brokerage commissions to finance the distribution of fund shares.

G. Conclusion

Based on its review, including consideration of each of the factors noted above, the Board concluded that the nature, extent and quality of the services rendered to each Fund favored renewal of the Advisory Agreements. The Board also concluded that Tweedy, Browne's performance in managing the Funds warranted continuation of the Advisory Agreements, and that Tweedy, Browne's profitability from its relationship with each Fund was reasonable. The Board concluded that the Advisory Agreements continued to be fair and reasonable to the Funds and their shareholders, that the Funds' shareholders received reasonable value in return for the advisory fees and other amounts paid to Tweedy, Browne by the Funds, and that the renewal of the Advisory Agreements at the present contractual rates was in the best interest of each Fund and its shareholders.

